

Notice is given of a Twizel Community Board Meeting to be held on:

Date:Monday, 6 December 2021Time:3.00pmLocation:Mackenzie Country HotelTwizel

# AGENDA

# **Twizel Community Board Meeting**

# 6 December 2021

Note: This meeting may be digitally recorded by the minute-taker.

#### Twizel Community Board Membership:

Jacqui de Buyzer (Chair) Tracey Gunn Renee Rowland Amanda Sargeant Emily Bradbury

#### **Order Of Business**

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- 1 OPENING
- 2 APOLOGIES
- **3** PUBLIC FORUM
- 4 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

#### 5 REPORTS

#### 5.1 **PRESENTATIONS**

Author:	Arlene Goss, Governance Advisor
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Authoriser:

Attachments: 1. Application - Location for Single Man's Hut 🗓 🛣

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

That the information be noted.

#### PRESENTATIONS AT THIS MEETING

- 1. Representatives from Fulton Hogan will give a presentation on the new roading contract.
- 2. Rick Ramsay, on behalf of the Twizel Heritage Group, would like to speak to the community board about the single man's hut they have acquired, and where it's going to go.
- 3. David Adamson, Acting General Manager Operations, will give a presentation on the water meter project.

## North West Arch Twizel 7901 PO Box 46 Email: <u>rick@alpinesalmon.nz</u> Ph ##

30 November 21

Jacqui de Buyzer Chairperson Twizel Community Board

Dear Jacqui,

#### Permission to site restored Singlemen Hut Ostler Road

The Heritage group has acquired a Singlemens Hut and will restore it to display condition.

The Hut was donated by Michael Driver on the condition it be removed immediately from his property.

The group has done this, and it is stored at Tony Stringer's property. (see photo 1 below) Tony, a well known and respected builder, has offered to restore it.



Photo 1: removal donated hut 30 November

The proposed display area is between the two Pin Oak trees in Ostler Road where the Heritage Trail sign explaining the Singlemen's Camp and Complex is located (see attached sign).



#### Heritage Trail sign

This area is currently covered in bark, and by being on this site will not intrude greatly on the view from the properties on the south side of Ostler Road. (see attached photo 2).



Photo 2: Proposed location between trees Ostler Rd

It is intended the inside will have furniture and fittings appropriate to the era, with a section of the door containing a acrylic viewing window so the interior can be viewed.

Again, volunteers have stepped up to assist preserving some of Twizel's past.

Opportunities to secure historical buildings which were integral to the history of Twizel and New Zealand's renewable electricity assets are few and far between.

Should the Board not support this location, the Group would like to discuss the alternative of siting it amongst the Machinery Display on Wairepo Road.

We would be happy to address the Community Board on the group's behalf and answer any questions.

Rick Ramsay Convenor.

#### 5.2 MINUTES OF TWIZEL COMMUNITY BOARD MEETING - 1 NOVEMBER 2021

Author: Arlene Goss, Governance Advisor

Authoriser:

Attachments: 1. Minutes of Twizel Community Board Meeting - 1 November 2021

#### RECOMMENDATION

1. That the Minutes of the Twizel Community Board Meeting held on Monday 1 November 2021 be received and confirmed as an accurate record of the meeting.



# **Unconfirmed MINUTES**

# **Twizel Community Board Meeting**

# 1 November 2021

#### MINUTES OF MACKENZIE DISTRICT COUNCIL TWIZEL COMMUNITY BOARD MEETING HELD AT THE TWIZEL EVENTS CENTRE LOUNGE, TWIZEL ON MONDAY, 1 NOVEMBER 2021 AT 3.00PM

- PRESENT: Tracey Gunn (Acting Chairperson), Renee Rowland, Amanda Sargeant, Cr Emily Bradbury
- **IN ATTENDANCE:** David Adamson (General Manager Operations Acting), Angie Taylor (Community Services and Waste Officer), Mayor Graham Smith from 3.10pm

#### 1 OPENING

Tracey Gunn was acting chairperson for this meeting.

#### 2 APOLOGIES

Apologies were received from Jacqui de Buyzer, Cr Anne Munro, Suzette van Aswegen and Arlene Goss. The minutes of this meeting were taken by Angie Taylor.

#### 3 PUBLIC FORUM

Pat Shuker thanked staff members Tony Hodges and Brian Milne for work carried out recently. She asked for a handrail to be installed on steps near the council office in Market Place. . (Service request lodged 2102712).

She asked if there would be a public meeting to discuss how the proceeds from the sale of the wood chipper would be spent. Cr Bradbury replied that the community board had decided to spend the money on planting at Man-made Hill.

#### 4 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were no declarations of interest.

#### 5 REPORTS

#### 5.1 MINUTES OF TWIZEL COMMUNITY BOARD MEETING - 30 AUGUST 2021

#### COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/254

Moved: Member Amanda Sargeant Seconded: Cr Emily Bradbury

1. That the Minutes of the Twizel Community Board Meeting held on Monday 30 August 2021 be received and confirmed as an accurate record of the meeting.

CARRIED

#### 5.2 COMMUNITY BOARD FINANCIAL REPORT

The community board asked that the carry forward amounts are shown on the next financial report. The Mayor offered to follow up on this. The community board also asked for detail showing the wood chipper sale income.

#### COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/255

Moved: Cr Emily Bradbury Seconded: Member Amanda Sargeant

That the community board financial report be received.

CARRIED

#### 5.3 TWIZEL COMMUNITY BOARD GENERAL UPDATE

The purpose of this report was to provide the Twizel Community Board with a general update on a number of projects and actions related to the Twizel area in general and Community Board specifically.

David Adamson spoke about the Parks and Community Facilities Strategy and asked the community board to make a submission.

A contract has been let to re-seal the long-vehicle car park.

Regarding the Market Place upgrade, work is programmed for next year. The community board asked if a handrail could be installed on the other side of the steps leading up to the council office in the meantime. (Service request lodged 2102712).

The community board asked for Brian Milne to provide an email update on Man-Made Hill.

The Twizel pool will open on November 27.

The community board was asked to lodge service requests regarding lights not working opposite the industrial area on Ostler Road, and the need for lighting on town walkways.

David Adamson updated the community board on the Twizel Events Centre. A project manager is now in place and the Mayor said this work was a priority for Council. The community board would like communication on any changes to bookings.

#### COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/256

Moved: Member Renee Rowland Seconded: Cr Emily Bradbury

1. That the report be received.

CARRIED

#### 5.4 GENERAL BUSINESS AND COUNCILLOR UPDATE

**Twizel Youth Centre/Sports Pavilion** – the community board will make a submission to the Long Term Plan on this.

**Green waste day** – when this event is community-wide the community board does not fund it.

**Petition on speed limits** – David Adamson noted that changes in the process for speed limit reviews were coming and this may make the process easier. Staff would provide an update. The community board asked for a letter to be sent in reply to Tina Smith.

Walking tracks – Funds currently exhausted. Further funding may come up.

**Water systems** – David Adamson noted that water main replacement is underway and connections would be reinstated unless they were no longer used.

**Communication to Twizel community** – The community board noted mis-communication around the location of the recent LTP workshop, and that details of community board meetings are no longer in the Twizel Update. Amanda Sargeant suggested updates be included weekly in the Twizel Update and also that the chief executive was present at more events and meetings in Twizel. David Adamson offered to take these concerns to the communications team.

**Letter from Shaun and Judy Norman** – The community board considered this letter and asked Mr Norman to put a grant request to the board.

**Councillor Update** – The Mayor noted the Long Term Process had been delayed and updated on rates and Three Waters.

Cr Bradbury provided the following update:

- As you would have noticed, there is a substantial amount of work on the ground here in Twizel. Our Council members appreciate that a number of the projects are long overdue and we are right behind the community to ensure the best possible outcomes for all. With such a large number of projects and a delayed LTP it has come with much frustration and clear set priorities. Identifying those priorities takes time and consultation, so we encourage our communities to follow updates on the MDC Website and the engagement pieces on the Let's talk platform.
- The latest announcement on 3 Waters as Mayor Graham has mentioned is an absolute blow. Our Council has worked so hard to ensure the submission and community opinions on this reform were up to date and to the highest quality so the DIA and all political parties could see our immense concerns and resistance to allow the proposal to go ahead. For the Minister to mandate it after close to entire country opposing it is simply disappointing and frightening as far as I am concerned. However Council will continue to update our communities as soon as new information comes to light.
- On a services and operational note, I would like to encourage those members of the community here today to be the eyes and ears on the ground as a number of contractors undertake a huge amount of work within our community. To use the "service request" tool through the MDC website to report in water leaks, dangerous pieces of roads or paths, over grown grass during warmer months etc. So that these issues can be resolved through the correct channels. Our staff numbers are on the lighter side and we need them to stay focussed on priority work and manage the requests coming through in a manageable way. The service request tool is the best channel for these.

#### COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/257

Moved: Member Tracey Gunn Seconded: Cr Emily Bradbury

That the information be noted.

CARRIED

#### 5.5 COMMUNITY BOARD ACTION LIST

**Twizel Youth Centre** – The community board will make a submission to the Long Term Plan for funding to replace this building.

**Twizel Large Machinery Display** – Sign to be erected.

**Twizel Events Centre kitchen upgrade** – Tied into Events Centre overall work.

**Pump Track Maintenance** – Work has been completed. Training day to be re-scheduled.

General Update – Completed. Remove from list.

The Meeting closed at 4.35pm.

The minutes of this meeting were confirmed at the Twizel Community Board Meeting held on 6 December 2021.

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CHAIRPERSON

#### 5.3 COMMUNITY BOARD FINANCIAL REPORT

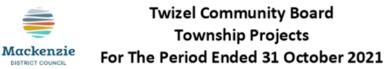
Author:	Jo Hu	urst, Management Accountant
Authoriser:	Paul	Numan, General Manager Corporate Services
Attachments:	1.	Twizel Financial Report 😃 🖾

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

That the community board financial report be received.

#### BACKGROUND

Attached is the latest community board financial report for your information.



Date	Date Organisation		Amount	
1/07/2021	New financial year 2021/22	\$	16,800.00	
	Unconfirmed carry forward from 2020/21 year	\$	32,347.00	
	Expenditure to date:			
4/10/2021	Reshape and surface pump track	\$	5,630.00	
	Balance remaining	\$	43,517.00	

#### Grant Allocations For The Period Ended 31 October 2021

Date	Organisation	Amount
1/07/2021	New financial year 2021/22	\$ 2,700.00
	Unconfirmed carry forward from 2021/21 year	\$ 2,573.72
30/11/2020	Funds received from sale of chipper	\$ 9,782.61
	Expenditure to date:	
12/07/2021	Twizel Snow Club (Hall hire)	\$ 120.00
12/07/2021	Mackenzie Book and Arts Festival (Visiting Author A Fifield)	\$ 500.00
	Balance remaining	\$ 14,436.33

\* Maximum of \$500 can be allocated per grant application

#### 5.4 **GRANT APPLICATIONS**

Author: Arlene Goss, Governance Advisor

Authoriser:

Attachments:

1. Application from Twizel Promotions 🗓 🛣

2. Application from Twizel Area School 🗓 🛣

#### **STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 1. That a grant of \$500 be approved/declined for Twizel Promotions towards the cost of information stands.
- 2. That a grant of \$100 be approved/declined for Twizel Area School towards a prize for school prize-giving.

#### BACKGROUND

The following grant application has been received by the community board:

- Twizel Promotions has requested \$500 towards the cost of information stands.
- Twizel Area School has requested \$100 towards a prize for school prize-giving.

Personal information like phone numbers and email addresses have been redacted to protect the privacy of applicants.



#### **Community Board Grant Application Form**

#### A. Details

Name of organisation:	TWIZEL PROMOTIONS
Contact person:	KAREN MORGAN .
Postal address:	PO BOX 4, TWIZEL, 7907
Email address:	6
Telephone:	

#### B. Which Community Board are you applying to?

1.	Twizel Community Board	Yes	You can apply for up to \$500 per grant.	Grant to be spent on projects/events in the Twizel Community Board area
2.	Tekapo Community Board	□ Yes	You can apply for up to \$1000 per grant.	Grant to be spent on projects/events in the Tekapo Community Board area
3.	Fairlie Community Board	□ Yes	You can apply for up to \$250 per grant.	Grant to be spent on projects/events in the Fairlie Community Board area

#### C. Organisation Details

1.	How many people belong to your organisation?	6.
2.	What is the legal status of your organisation? E.g. Trust, incorporated society, other.	INGREAREATED SociETY
3.	How long has your organisation existed?	SINCE 1980
4.	Is your organisation responsible to, or controlled by, any other organisation or authority?	No

-	A	
D.	<b>Grant Detail</b>	S

. Are you	registered for GST?		🗹 Yes			/ 🗆 No		
		If yes, GST Number:	05	88	1	97	13	5
	What are the total costs of the project and where is the funding coming from?		Community board (this application)			\$ 500 - 0		
			Other funders:		\$	\$		
			Your contribution:		\$	\$		
			Total:		\$	50	0 -	8
	vill this project happen?	DECCMBER 252		10				

1

#### F. Declaration

I hereby declare that the information supplied above on behalf of my organisation is correct.

I consent to the Mackenzie District Council collecting the personal contact details and information provided in this application for the purpose of considering a grant. I also consent to this completed application form being published on the public agenda of the next community board meeting. This consent is given in accordance with the Privacy Act 1993.

Name: SHAUN NORMAN			
Position in Organisation / Title:	MEMBER		
Signature: Dan Uman		Date:	, November Dos

#### G. Checklist

1.	I have attached a balance sheet or financial statement from my organisation. If no, explain why.	Ves / 🗆 No
2.	I have attached any other relevant documents that would assist the community board in making a decision.	Ves / 🗆 No
3.	I understand that if my application is approved, I will be asked to supply an invoice for the amount granted and proof of my bank account number.	🛛 Yes / 🗆 No
4.	I understand that if my application is approved I will be asked to complete a project completion form that accounts for how the money is spent.	₽Yes / □ No

#### G. For more information

Arlene Goss Mackenzie District Council PO Box 52, Fairlie 7949

Phone 03 685 9010 ext 915

or

Arlene.Goss@mackenzie.govt.nz







Twizel Promotions & Development Association Inc. Financial Reports For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### Twizel Promotions & Development Association Inc Statement of Income and Expenditure For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Notes			2021	2020
Trading Income				\$	\$
Update					
Advertising Update			177,424		178,296
Photocopying - Income			1,387		1,397
Telephone Directory sales			13		340
Twizel Map Income			-		6,435
Total Update Income				178,825	186,469
Events					
Attendance - income			4,403		39,538
Grants & Sponsorships			27,426		14,259
Sales			1,191		-
Salmon and Wine Festival					-
Event Income		56,855			
Stall Holder Fees		4,165			
Sponsorship Income		15,279	76,299		
Stall Holder Fees - Other Events			2,096		3,339
Twizel Arts Council Income			•		1,836
Heritage Twizel Income		-	1,464		12,869
Total Events Income Total Trading Income				112,879 291,704	71,841 258,310
Trading expenditure					
Update Costs					
Salary & Contractors			82,444		90,252
Update deliveries			2,063		1,623
Photocopy Lease			22,006		21,421
Update Printing			21,130		17,483
Twizel Map Exp		-	1,351		3,032
Fotal Update Costs				128,994	133,812
Event Costs					
Advertising Events			1,205		8,389
Community Assistance			7,908		1,437
Entertainment events			3,535		3,259
Event Wages			23,081		21,637
Supplies for Events			6,697		9,283
Twizel Arts Expenses			-		2,700
Plus expenditure by sub committee			2 <b>0</b> 0		(1,680)
Salmon & Wine Fest exp			61,966		29,199
Heritage Twizel Expenses	(6)		1,464		13,662
Plus expenditure by sub committee	( lanation				(793)
Radio Station expenses - Radio Spectrum	Licensing		261		261

Total Trading Expenditure		235,112	221,166
Net Surplus / Deficit from Trading	-	56,592	37,143
Operating Income			
Interest Income	352		1,723
Membership subscriptions income	2,413		1,787
Sundry Income	101		445
Donations	254		300
COVID Wage Subsidy	-		21,089
Total Operations Income		3,121	25,344
Operating Expenses			
ACC	211		220
Advertising			256
Bad Debts	600		-
Bank charges	200		205
Computer costs	4.002		2,463
Consulting & Accounting	2,685		2,733
Depreciation	572		641
Entertainment	282		-
Freight & Courier	16		30
General Exp	267		1,447
Insurance	2,687		2,007
KiwiSaver Exp	2,032		1,550
Legal expenses	495		5,056
Loss on Disposal of Assets	5,985		
Office Expenses	2,604		850
Printing & Stationery	985		563
Rent	5,500		4,777
Subscriptions	509		4
Telephone & Internet	1,205		1,193
Promote Twizel Expenses	315		
Web account expenses	351		348
Reconciliation Adjustments	2		-
Office Salary	37,434		31,875
Total Operating Expenses		68,939	56,211
Net Surplus / Deficit from Operating		(65,818)	(30,868)
Net Surplus / Deficit for the Year		(9,226)	6,276



Twizel Promotions & Development Association Inc Balance Sheet For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Assets			
Bank Accounts			
Operating Accounts		32,883	25,909
Funds on Deposit		22,768	43,136
Debit Card		799	388
On Call Account		15,890	-
Total Bank Accounts		72,340	69,433
Other Current Assets			
Cash Float		100	100
Accounts Receivable		20,913	13,425
Accrued Interest		15	196
Stock on Hand		3,286	1,824
Total Current Assets		24,314	15,545
Fixed Assets	(6)	4,484	11,041
Total Assets		101,138	96,020
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accruals		1,300	1,250
Accounts Payable		6,218	4,883
GST Payable		-	- 100
Payroll Accruais		4,698	9,266
Twizel Arts Council Funds		-	3,779
Heritage Committee	-	26,402	5,095
Total Current Liabilities		38,618	24,273
Net Assets		62,520	71,746
Equity	<u>e</u>		
Retained Earnings		71,746	65,470
Current Year Earnings		(9,226)	6,276
Total Equity	_	62,520	71,746



The financial statements Reports approved by the	are to be read in conjunction with the notes to TPDA Board	the finar	ncial statements Annual
Sharon Blanchaw David-Compton, Chairpe		(Date)	26/10/21
Phil McDouall	Mecall	(Date)	26.10.21
Nicola Collins	Absent - resigned from	(Date)	26.10.21.
Tania Murphy	Tama Murphy	(Date)	26.10.21.





10 November 2021

Twizel Community Board c/o Jacqui De Buyzer Twizel 7944

**Dear Members** 

Once again a very busy and productive year at Twizel Area School is rapidly drawing to a close, and we are now preparing for the End of Year Assembly. We would like to extend a personal invitation for you to support the Assembly by contributing towards prizes for students.

The End of Year Assembly is where we celebrate student achievement across the areas of academic, sporting and cultural disciplines, as well as acknowledging citizenship and leadership. Over the years, we have been truly gratified by the unwavering support of Twizel businesses and community organisations with their donations towards student awards, and this is sincerely appreciated.

This generous support allows us to reward and encourage our students for their achievements and endeavours over the year.

Cash donations have been preferred as we use them to purchase book vouchers for students, but the school would be grateful to receive any suitable contributions such as vouchers or products.

Under normal circumstances we would extend an invitation to the business community and friends of the school to attend the assembly, unfortunately due to gathering restrictions we are unable to invite visitors in 2021.

We appreciate donations at any time, but receiving your gift before 30<sup>th</sup> November ensures your donation is acknowledged in our Prize Giving list and at Assembly.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Yours sincerely

Kate Staniford Principal

TWIZEL AREA SCHOOL Mt Cook Street, Private Bag 952, TWIZEL 7944 Phone. 03 4350650 email. office@twizel.school.nz Website. twizel.wordpress.com

#### 5.5 ADOPTION OF MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLANS

Author:	Aaro	n Hakkaart, Manager - Planning
Authoriser:	Davi	d Adamson, General Manager Operations - Acting
Attachments:	1.	Mackenzie Spatial Plans - Final 🕂 🔀

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

That the information be noted.

#### BACKGROUND

A Spatial Plan (the plan) is a high-level blueprint for the future of the district. The plan shows, at a high level, what type of growth should go where and how different spaces interact and coordinate together. The Mackenzie Spatial Plan charts the future of the district's townships and rural settlements, ensuring growth can occur in a positive, sustainable, and coordinated way.

At its meeting on 19 October 2021 Council adopted the Mackenzie Spatial Plans Document which includes Spatial Plans for Fairlie, Tekapo/ Takapo, Twizel, Burkes Pass, Kimble, and Albury.

The Spatial Plans were adopted following multiple rounds of community engagement and the release of preferred options for each of the six townships and rural settlements. The attached document summarises this process and provides a narrative to the Spatial Plans which have already been adopted.

The plans will now be used to inform the zoning across the towns and settlements as MDC looks to review the Mackenzie District Plan over the coming years.

There will still be plenty of chances for the community to provide input once the District Plan Review begins, both during the development of the plan and through the statutory review process which will follow.

#### CONCLUSION

The adoption of the attached Mackenzie Spatial Plans document will represent the completion of the Spatial Plans project. The next steps involve the progression of the District Plan Review which will give effect to the Spatial Plans as adopted by Council.







# YOUR TOWN, YOUR FUTURE TŌ KOUTOU TAONE, TŌ KOUTOU Ā MUA MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLANS

SEPTEMBER 2021

### FOREWORD

#### MAYOR

The Mackenzie District is special to all those who live here, and our communities consistently remind us of the need to ensure it is protected for years to come. That's the idea behind the Spatial Plans: to ensure our towns and settlements can grow in a planned and managed way without impacting the things that make them special.

It's important to note that these plans weren't thought up behind closed doors. Right from the start, before we put pen to paper, we've involved community and have used the results of community engagement to help shape the outcome at every step in the process. There have been some difficult conversations along the way, but we believe these open and honest discussions have helped us deliver better outcomes for our communities. As result of your feedback we have developed plans that have council and community support.

The Spatial Plans look thirty years into the future, and, with your help, the team has done a great job figuring out how our towns and settlements can grow in ways that ensure they remain great places to live and attractive places to visit.

Thanks to everyone who has taken part in the process and helped build the Mackenzie Spatial Plans, every little bit has helped to ensure we're getting it right. Thanks also to the project team who have pulled this together, and to our iwi partners who have supported the process from the outset.

The next steps will see the Mackenzie Spatial Plans used to inform a review of our District Plan – this is the 'rule book' which ensures future development occurs in line with the objectives of the spatial plans. Essentially the zoning you see in the plans will be reflected in the new District Plan.

We'll be having a whole lot more conversations with our communities as we develop the new District Plan, and look forward to your feedback once the process is underway.

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The Mackenzie Spatial Plans offer a plan for each of our District's towns and settlements, ensuring we can get the zoning right to allow for managed, appropriate growth, and identify the infrastructure required to support it.

Thirty years seems like a long way away, but we've seen how fast growth can occur in our District so it's wise that we look ahead. Infrastructure takes time to fund and build, and this approach will ensure we don't get caught out when the next wave of growth comes.

Delivery of this vision will take time – but the Spatial Plans now enable Council, developers, investors, mana whenua and our communities to work towards the agreed outcomes.

Community has been at the heart of the process, and it has been fantastic to see how passionate and invested our communities are about the future of the places in which we live.

I want to thank the members of staff who have put in a great deal of work into the delivery of the Spatial Plans. Thanks also to everyone who has provided feedback throughout the process, whether through an online survey, an email, a community meeting, a workshop or drop-in session. We've listened to everyone, and I'm confident that the final Spatial Plans reflect the views and aspirations of our communities.

I'd also like to thank the representatives Arowhenua who have been part of the team throughout the process and have offered valuable insights from a mana whenua perspective.

The next steps will be to turn the Spatial Plans into Council policy through the District Plan review which will be underway in the coming months. We'll be asking for your input into that process in due course.

#### AROWHENUA

He Po, He Ao, He Po, Ka Awatea, tihei mauri ora. Naia te mihi nei ki nga lwi e noho ana i te rohe ko Te Manahuna i Te Runanga o Arowhenua. Nei ra te take puuwaahi ki Te Manahuna. He take mo rātou a muri ake nei ki Te Manahuna No reira tena tātou kaatoa.

The darkness, the light, the darkness, the breaking day, the sneeze of life. This is the acknowledgement of the people who live in the area of the McKenzie from Te Rūnanga o Arowhenua. This is the strategic spatial plan of the Mackenzie Basin. It is a plan for the future generations of the MacKenzie. Therefore, greetings to you all.

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File Ref: BM191137\_01\_Spatial Plan Document

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# INTRODUCTION

TŌ KOUTOU TAONE, TŌ KOUTOU Ă MUA

**"THE MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLANS CREATE A 30-YEAR VISION OF WHAT THE FUTURE COULD** LOOK LIKE IN THE MACKENZIE DISTRICT'S TOWNS AND SETTLEMENTS."

#### WHAT IS A SPATIAL PLAN

A Spatial Plan is a high-level blueprint for the future, showing what should go where and how each part should interact with the others. The Mackenzie Spatial Plans will chart the future of the district's townships and rural settlements, ensuring growth can occur in a positive, sustainable way.

The Mackenzie Spatial Plans offer a 30 year planning horizon, ensuring the district can get ahead of growth and plan for it. By taking a long-term approach, the plans will ensure our towns and settlements continue to be places for people that support healthy communities of residents and visitors alike.

The Mackenzie Spatial Plans will inform future land use patterns and new zoning that will be outlined in the next iteration of the Mackenzie District Plan.

### WHY IS A SPATIAL PLAN NEEDED?

The plans have been developed using a process that puts community at its heart, ensuring they reflect the ideas, wishes and aspirations of the people who have a connection with the district. The plans will ensure each town can grow in a sustainable way, while protecting what makes them special for years to come.

The Spatial Planning process has integrated a considerable amount of thinking across a range of work-streams - offering a compelling case for change that brings the community, mana whenua, landowners, stakeholders and partners together. It will create a shared vision, setting expectations for the future of each area.

#### **PROJECT TEAM**

To deliver the Spatial Plans a project team was built that included MDC staff, Rationale Ltd and Boffa Miskell. The project team has worked in a close partnership with representatives from Arowhenua, throughout the process, ensuring the Spatial Plans meet iwi aspirations for the area.

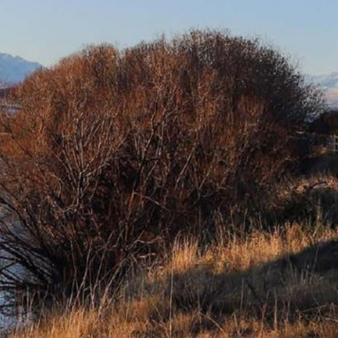
#### SPATIAL PLAN OBJECTIVES

- 1. We understand what the future holds for each town.
- Mackenzie District values.
- 3. The work informs/facilitates the District Plan Review.
- spatial improvements, then plan for it and get on with it.
- 5. The community is engaged throughout the process.

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2. Integration of existing strategies and projects ensuring the outcomes reflect

4. Ensure the Mackenzie District Council can get ahead of growth, identify key



### GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE

The Mackenzie District is a vast and varied area, treasured by locals and visitors alike. It has strong and distinctive communities, and a wealth of distinctive natural features - from the spectacular scenery offered in the Mackenzie Basin, through to the fertile soils of Eastern Mackenzie.

The district's boundaries stretch from The Hopkins and Ohau rivers in the South right up to the Two Thumb Range and Ōpihi River Catchment in the North. It covers an area of 7,339 km and is home to over 5,100 people.

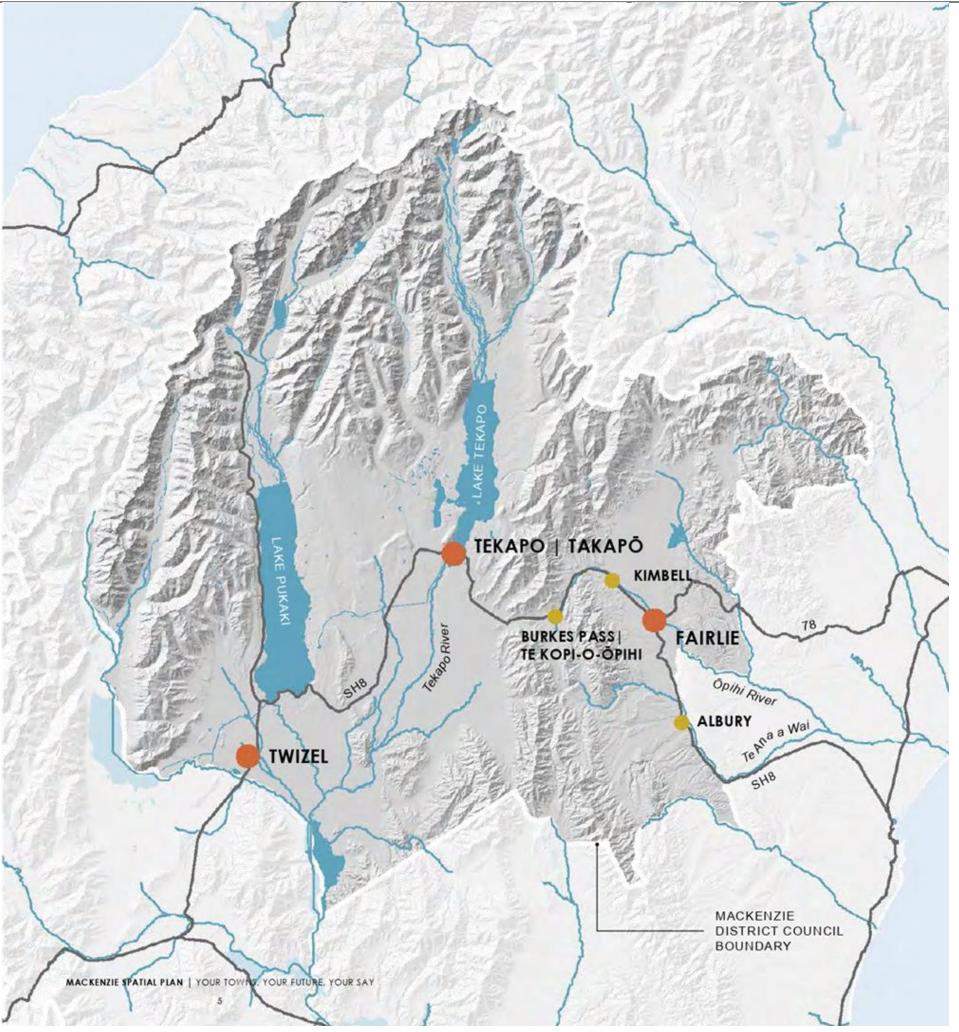
For Te Rūnanga O Ngāi Tahu and Papatipu Rūnanga the district provides a deep cultural connection with the past and future through a long line of whakapapa and history.

Residents, and those with a connection to the Mackenzie, are rightfully proud of the district and want to see the things that make it such a special place to live, work and play protected.

The three main townships that make up the Mackenzie District, Fairlie, Tekapo | Takapŏ and Twizel have distinctive communities of their own, with differing likes, dislikes and visions of the future. Likewise, the smaller rural settlements of Burke's Pass|Te Kopi-o-Ōpihi, Kimbell and Albury have their own distinctive features and heritage.

The Spatial Planning process has seen Spatial Plans developed for the three main townships, while rural settlement plans have been developed for the smaller settlements.

All the plans have focussed on each town or settlement and its surrounding area. This has ensured each location has been approached in a way that considers its specific issues, pressures and opportunities.



### PROCESS

The Spatial Planning process has been driven by the community ...

#### ESTABLISHMENT REPORT AND COMMUNITY SURVEY

January - May 2020

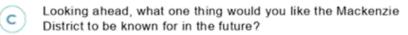
#### COMMUNITY SURVEY

January - February 2020

The Mackenzie Community Survey was carried out to get a high-level understanding of how the community feels about the district. It had 759 responses and asked three main questions of residents, ratepayers and visitors:

a Whats one thing do you like most about the District?

b Whats one thing would you like to see changed?



The results can be viewed online at: https://bit.ly/2upEAFJ

Plans. It was adopted by Council in May 2020.

ESTABLISHMENT REPORT

May 2020

#### COMMUNITY WORKSHOPS

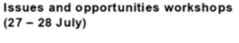


a

Targeted community and stakeholder workshops were held across the district. Three rounds of workshops were held.

Investment Logic Map workshops (8-10 July)

b (27 - 28 July)





Investment Logic Mapping is a New Zealand Treasury endorsed process that helps set the foundation of a programme of work by understanding the problems faced and the benefits that would be achieved by addressing those problems. These were carried out as facilitated workshops with a range of community stakeholders from each main township.



Workshops were held in Burkes Pass, Kimbell opportunities encountered by the communities

and Albury to understand the issues and of each rural settlement.

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The Establishment Report set the foundation for the delivery of the Spatial



A second round of workshops were held in the main townships to identify what each community would like to see for the future of their town. These were interactive sessions with a wide cross section of the community which were used to in the options subsequently developed.



each town.

a

b

Following the community workshops, the project team developed a shortlist of three spatial plan options for each township, as well as a settlement concept plan for each rural settlement.

# a

#### Community Engagement on Short-list (September - October 2020)

Once the shortlist and rural settlements and had been developed, they were shared with the community for feedback. These results directly informed the identification of preferred options for each town.



### Community Meetings (December 2020)

Following the short-list community engagement, the project came back to each community to share their findings and get further direction.

# 5 June 2021

The Spatial Plans and Rural Settlement Plans were adopted by Mackenzie District Council at a full Council meeting on 29 June 2021. They will now be used to inform future investment in each town and the zoning for each area in the District Plan Review.

### Preferred Option Engagement (April-May 2021)

Using the feedback received from the community, the options were

The preferred options were shared with the community for feedback.

analysed against a range of measures to identify the preferred option for



### Fine-tuning (May - June 2021)

Following the community engagement on the preferred options, the Spatial plans were fine-tuned before being presented to Council for adoption.







b

### **ADOPTION OF SPATIAL PLANS**

# **AROWHENUA KORERO**

AROWHENUA

Arowhenua whānui is made up by three distinct groups of people:

- Te iwi o Waitaha,
- · Te iwi o Kati Mamoe, and
- Te iwi o Ngãi Tahu. •

There are two other groups of people with whakapapa links to Arowhenua:

- The Hawea iwi, and
- Rapanui iwi.

Kati Huirapa is the primary hapu of the Arowhenua, named after their ancestor, Huirapa.

The heart of modern day Arowhenua / Kati Huirapa is Arowhenua Marae, located on Huirapa Road between the Te Umu Kaha and Öpihi rivers. The whare of the marae is named Te Hapa o Nui Tireni.

This is not the original Käinga (village) for the Kati Huirapa hapu. Te Waiateruati is the tupuna pa, centred in the Orakipaoa wetland complex. It was a fortified village and a safe haven for the hapu in times of war. With multiple käinga in the outer wetland and surrounding area.

Having a secure place to congregate, protect and defend whanau members in times of conflict was key to their survival. Fortified pa were common practice throughout Te Ao Maori.

A prominent figure and tupuna of many families that are whakapapa to Kati Huirapa was Te Rehi. He lived at Te Waiateruati and his Kāinga was an island, Harakeke Tautoro, named after the extensive swamplands of Harakeke (flax) that surrounded it. Unless someone was familiar with the area and knew the pathways into the pa, it was very difficult to find.

A whakatauki from the area explains the wetland - 'Te Pakihi hauroa e te Kahu

The plains that are soared over by the kahu (swamp harrier) were used as signals. Often birds were seen at villages. Due to the thickness of the Harakeke the only bird to be seen was the kahu circling above the pa. Orakipaoa also formed part of the numerous trails into river valleys and the alpine areas beyond. Some of these trails led into Te Manahuna (Mackenzie Basin).

Kati Huirapa have used and cared for the catchments within their takiwa for generations. This has created a strong sense of belonging and connection with the catchments. It is the same connection that any person would feel when they visit the land where their ancestors lived hundreds or thousands of years ago.

This sense of belonging and connection is described by Kati Huirapa as 'turangawaewae', which means 'a place to stand', where one belongs and has a right to stand as their ancestors stood before them.

Being a thriving community with growing needs based on seasonal gathering, tikanga protocols would have seen multiple excursions into te Manahuna for mahinga kai and other resources (harakeke, taramea (Spaniard) and rakau kapeti (cabbage tree)) and activities throughout the seasonal calendar.

To survive and thrive in the harsh conditions of the time, the Tupuna had an intimate and vast knowledge of their surroundings. They were connected through a deep understanding and spiritual link to all things which was created and reinforced through karakia, whakapapa, moteatea, waiata, whare wāhana, haka, toi Maori, iwi, tikanga and kawa. Mātauranga (way of being and engaging in the world) was passed down through the generations.

This deep connection with South and Mid Canterbury and the Mackenzie Basin has meant Kati Huirapa have developed a deep sense of

for Mackenzie District Council.

responsibility to care for it, as it has cared for them and those who came before them. This exercising kaitiakitanga supports the philosophy of rangatiratanga over South and Mid Canterbury and the Mackenzie Basin. Rangatiratanga is discussed in greater detail below.

Modern day Te Rünanga o Arowhenua (Arowhenua) are one of the 18 Papatipu Rūnanga (mana whenua with kaitiaki status) that make up Te Rūnanga o Ngāi Tahu. Their takiwā (district/area) has changed in size throughout their history. At present, it lies between two awa - the south bank of the Rakaia and the north bank of the Waitaki - ki uta ki tai, from the mountains to the seas.

Arowhenua share their takiwa borders with their whanau - to the north is Taumutu and Tuahuriri and to the south is Waihao and Moeraki.

companies in its portfolio:

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Prepared by Aoraki Environmental Consultancy on behalf of Te Runanga o Arowhenua

The Rünanga is set up as an incorporated society with a board of executives that oversees the day to day running of the marae and the four

The company board of directors that oversee investment.

A newly formed board of directors that oversee business development.

Arowhenua Whānau Services - a health provider.

 Aoraki Environmental Consultancy Limited (AEC) – the legal entity was established in 2017 to oversee resource consents, regional and district plan reviews, plan changes, concessions, cultural consultation with the public sector, as well as the environmental space with the private sector, particularly farming, industrial and energy sectors, AEC is unique in that it has been given the mandate by Arowhenua to make decisions within the environmental space on behalf of the rūnanga.

Image looking across Lake Pukaki towards Aoraki / Mt Cook

### RANGATIRATANGA

The deep connection Arowhenua and Kati Huirapa have with South and Mid Canterbury and the Mackenzie Basin has meant Kati Huirapa have developed a deep sense of responsibility to care for it, as it has cared for them and those who came before them. This way of life is known as kaitiakitanga and incorporates the responsibility to ensure that the whenua and wai will continue to provide for their mokopuna - 'for those who come after us'.

For Kati Huirapa, exercising kaitiakitanga supports the philosophy of rangatiratanga over South and Mid Canterbury and the Mackenzie Basin. Rangatiratanga is a traditional Māori philosophy, value and practice of people exercising their independence, determining their choices for governing themselves, their lands, and all their treasures. Rangatiratanga has particular prominence, as it is the basis of Article 2 of Te Tiriti o Waitangi/The Treaty of Waitangi (1840).

Rangatiratanga is often associated with sovereignty, leadership, autonomy to make decisions, and self-determination. This includes leadership within the whanau and community, as well as leadership within business activities in the private and public sectors. For Kati Huirapa, rangatiratanga in the cultural sphere relates to stewardship of others. advocating for others and the community, doing the right thing for their people, and ensuring well-being and generosity of spirit.

In relation to the environment, rangatiratanga is about caring for wahi tapu and wahi taonga (sacred places and objects) and ensuring cogovernance and co-management of natural resources. This in turn ensures that rangatahi (the younger generations) and the community know the history of the land and reserves that surround them, and that the land is safe, appreciated and used. The values held by Kati Huirapa and Arowhenua associated with this belief are as follows:

- Practice and protect the co-governance and co-management of natural resources and be active participants in the decision-making processes that impact the takiwa.
- · Establish and achieve a high standard of environmental outcomes to protect the natural landscape for future generations.
- Aim to return conservation land to a natural state where biodiversity projects can enhance the indigenous flora and fauna of the area.
- Encourage customary harvesting and practices on the whenua (land). in the awa (rivers) and the moana (lakes).
- Protect the whakapapa of Arowhenua and Kati Huirapa.

Arowhenua proclaim rangatiratanga, kaitiakitanga over their takiwa and feel this responsibility strongly. Arowhenua are greatly concerned with the ongoing degradation of awa, moana and whenua. Arowhenua want to participate and be involved in the decision-making processes and the formulation of strategies and plans that will stop the waterway and environmental degradation. This is supported and provided for in all resource management processes.

### WAITAHA

Te iwi o Waitaha are recorded in Ngãi Tahu whakapapa as the first inhabitants of Te Wai Pounamu.

Whakapapa states their arrival around the 8th century AD, arriving in the great waka Uruao which was led by the Rangatira Rakāihautū and his son Rakihouia. They first landed at Boulder Bank in Whakatū (Nelson) where their group split in two, with one led by Rakāihautū and the other led by Rakihouia.

Rakāihautū led his group south and down through the main divide, exploring the island and eventually discovering the great lakes in Te Manahuna rohe, the lakes and wetlands in Murihiku and the coastal lakes and wetlands from Wainono up to Banks Peninsular, with the help of his ko (digging stick) Tūwhakarōria.

It is recorded as Nga puna wai karikari o Rakāihautū Takapō, Pūkaki, Ohau, Hāwea, Wānaka, Whakatipu wai maori, Whakatipu wai tai, Te Anau, Wairau, Rakāihautū claimed the whenua (land) by way of take taunaha ahi kaa - the right of discovery and occupation.

'Ko Rakāihautū te takata nāna i timata te ahi ki ruka ki tēnei motu ka nohoia tēnei motu e Waitaha.' Rakāihautū was the man who lit the fires of occupation upon this island which was settled by Waitaha. Upon his return from Wairewa and Waihora he pronounced the name of ko to be Tuhiraki. His people cried out and repeated ka puna karikari a Rakāihautū - the pools dug by Rakāihautū.

The group led by Rakihouia sailed the waka Uruao through the Cook Strait and down the east coast. Noticing the abundance of tuna (eels) from Banks Peninsular to Morvern, he set pa tuna (eel weirs) along the coast, giving effect to the name of the South Canterbury coast - ka poupou o Rakihouia (Rakihouia's upstanding post - in reference to the eel weirs he erected).

The two groups reunited at Waihao-Morven and it is said the waka Uruao is now a reef in the Waitaki hapua.

### KATI MAMOE

Kati Mamoe descends from Hotu Māmoe / Whatua Māmoe. They merged into a tribe in the late 15th century.

Based out of the great pa in Ahuriri (Napier) Otātura and Heipipi (Gisborne), they have close whakapapa connections to the Kurahaupō people from Mahia. They are also connected to the Rangitane and Ngāi Tara people who descend form Whātonga, a very early explorer to Aotearoa from Hawaiki.

Whatonga is said to have landed a Nukutaura on the Mahia Peninsular in the late 16th-17th Century, a small migrant ropu settled at Te Rimurapa (Sinclair Head), Raukana Moana coast.

Tradition says that they received a gift of kai from the Waitaha iwi living at Wairau across the strait. The abundance of kai in the gift led them to desire the Waitaha's plentiful resources and they migrated south and settled at Waiau, where they absorbed the Waitaha iwi into their own. They moved from Waiau and established significant settlements at Waipapa at the mouth of the Waiau-toa (Clarence River). They later moved to Kaikoura as well.

With the arrival of Kati Kuri hapu of Ngāi Tahu, they were pushed out of their homelands and migrated as far south as Murihiku (Invercargill). They had a violent relationship with the Ngãi Tahu hapu and a lot of battles were fought. There was a lot of intermarriage between Kati Mamoe and Ngãi Tahu as well, creating alliances and peace from the marriage of both tribes.

### TE RŪNANGA O NGĀI TAHU

Te Rünanga o Ngãi Tahu (Ngãi Tahu) were the last group of people to migrate south to Te Wai Pounamu and were to have the greatest impact.

They descend from the Mātaatua waka through their founding ancestress Hemo-ki-te-raki. Another line they descend from is Paikea. He settled at Whangaroa and married Huturangi around 1350. Four generations later form this unity the eponymous ancestor of Ngāi Tahu was born - Tahu Potiki.

As an adult he was to marry Hemo-ki-te-raki and their offspring are the foundations of Ngāi Tahu whanui.

From Whangaroa they started migrating south around the 1500's. Spearheaded by the hapu Kati Kuri, the migration was called Te Heke o Pürahonui after their ariki (high chief) Pürahonui. Kati Irakehu were another Ngāi Tahu hapu to migrate south after fighting broke out on their lands. Another prominent hapu was Kāti Tūhaitara, who were led and guided by chiefly woman whose group bear her name, later becoming Ngai Tūahuriri.

The other two main hapu are Kati Huirapa and Te Ruahikihiki.

Ngãi Tahu's migration south was one of warfare, political allegiances and intermarriage between Kati Mamoe and Waiteha.

The principal leaders of the Te Wai Pounamu around the time of the signing of Te Tiriti o Waitangi, Tuhawaiki, Iwi Kau, Taiaroa, Korako and Karetai could all claim decent from Waitaha, Kati Mamoe and Ngāi Tahu.

Modern day Ngãi Tahu is now made up by the 18 papatipu Runanga who descend from the five hapu mentioned above.

### **TE MANAHUNA CONNECTION**

Arowhenua's connection to Te Manahuna is one of whakapapa from Te Kauwae-rangoe (the celestial world) through to Te Kauwae-raro (the realm of man).

Arowhenua are connected through Te Waka o Aoraki whakapapa, Te waka o Arai, te uru whakapapa, Te waka o Uruao whakapapa.

Arowhenua see Te Manahuna as our tupuna held in the highest regard. This can be seen with the naming of important landmarks with the names of significant tupuna of Arowhenua / Kati Huirapa. For example:

- Ötehīwai / Mt John a passenger from the Arai te uru waka that capsized at Matakaea (Shag Point)
- Rakiroa / Mt Dampier a demi-god and brother of Aoraki from the waka o Aoraki
- Takapō one of the lakes dug by Rakāihautū and his ko (digging stick) Tūwhakarōria.
- Te Tari o Mauka Atua / Ben Ohau Range Mauka Atua was also a passenger on Arai te uru waka.
- Manahuna was a place for Tohunga to seek enlightenment and to be close to their atua (gods) through karakia.

Arowhenua / Kati Huirapa and the wider Ngāi Tahu were a nomadic hunter gatherer people that followed a seasonal calendar. Mahinga Kai was key component to their survival and success. From the coast to the Alps, they roamed far and wide with the use of the plentiful braided river systems.

One key travel route used was the Öpihi awa. There are many tuhituhi nehera (rock drawings) along limestone cliffs which are taonga, recording Tupuna's time in history.

Travelling up the Öpihi, just before it splits into the Te ana a wai and Opūaha awas there are the mahinga kai sites Te kohaka a Makaia, Ote Ao and Waitu. The Kauru (cabbage tree root) and tuna were gathered and harvested at these sites in large numbers on seasonal gathering expeditions.

Both the Te ana a wai and Opūaha were regularly used as travel routes. Heading up the Te ana a wai, the name comes from the water in the awa originating from a series of caves in the upper catchment.

There are mahinga kai sites surrounding the town of Albury including Te awa Moko and Te Horo Motuhaka. Weka, tuna and aruhe (bracken fern root) were gathered and harvested here.

Following the Opūaha where tuna and taramea (spear grass) were gathered there are more mahinga kai sites including Te Wai a Kanekane and Kohinewahia. Tuna, äruhe and kauru were gathered here.

There are a number of mahinga kai sites around the township of Fairlie. On the Opüaha side there are the sites that include Here Wahine and Te Haka Tărewa where weka, kakapo, kereru, kaka and other forest birds were gathered and harvested.

West of Fairlie, including the township of Kimbell and Te Kopi o Öpihi | Burkes Pass is the substantial käinga mahinga kai site, Te Arotuaporoporo. Here weka, äruhe, taramea and kauheke (a native tree bark used to make clothing, belts and sandals) were gathered and harvested. Te Kopi o Öpihi is recorded as being the source of the Öpihi awa.

Tauhinu is a landmark of note for Arowhenua, known today by the European name Sterickers Mound, it is a viewpoint of the original Te Manahuna braided river system. Weka and tuna were abundant in this area, with May through to August being the main season for gathering. The fat content in weka was high and the meat was preserved in the fat so it could be stored over the winter months.

### TAKAPŌ

Te Roto o Takapõ (Lake Takapõ) is another significant landmark for mana whenua. One of the great lakes dug by Rakāihautū, the area was another

abundant source of tuna and weka. The island in the lake bears the name Motu Ariki and is said to have been a defensive position in times of war. The adjoining two lakes – Takamana (Alexandrina) and Whakaru Kumoana (McGregor) were also abundant with tuna. Takamana was the kainga associated to Takapō and Koareare (the edible rhizome of raupō) was harvested here. Flowing between Takapō and Pukaki is Te Wai a Kohe (Irishman Creek). A kainga mahinga kai site was situated by the awa close to O te raki kawau (Patterson's Terrace).

#### PUKAKI

Te Roto o Pukaki (Lake Pukaki) is the largest of the lakes that were dug by Rakāihautū in Te Manahuna. Multiple kainga mahinga kai sites were situated around the lake and near the two awa – Te awa Whakamau (Tasman River) and Te Awaure (Jollie River). Weka, Pūtakitaki (Paradise Duck), āruhe, tuna, tikumu (common mountain daisy) were gathered and harvested here.

### TWIZEL

There are multiple kainga mahinga kai sites of significance in the area surrounding Twizel. Weka were gathered at Te Waiotūtahi. Wakapõha was located on the Õhau awa, where weka and tuna were gathered here. Kiutu Tuia was located near the outlet of Lake Õhau and this was another place to gather weka and tuna.

### ŌHAU

Te Roto O Õhau was also dug by Rakāihautū and was a place for a tohunga (priest) to come for karakia to the atua (gods). Weka and tuna were gathered here. Te Ruataniwha (Ben Ohau) stand next to Te Roto O Õhau. Te Ruataniwha was a passenger on the waka Arai te Uru. It capsized near Matakaea (Shag Point). The waka's passengers came ashore explore but many were turned into the geographical features of Te Wai Pounamu when they did not return in time to the waka.



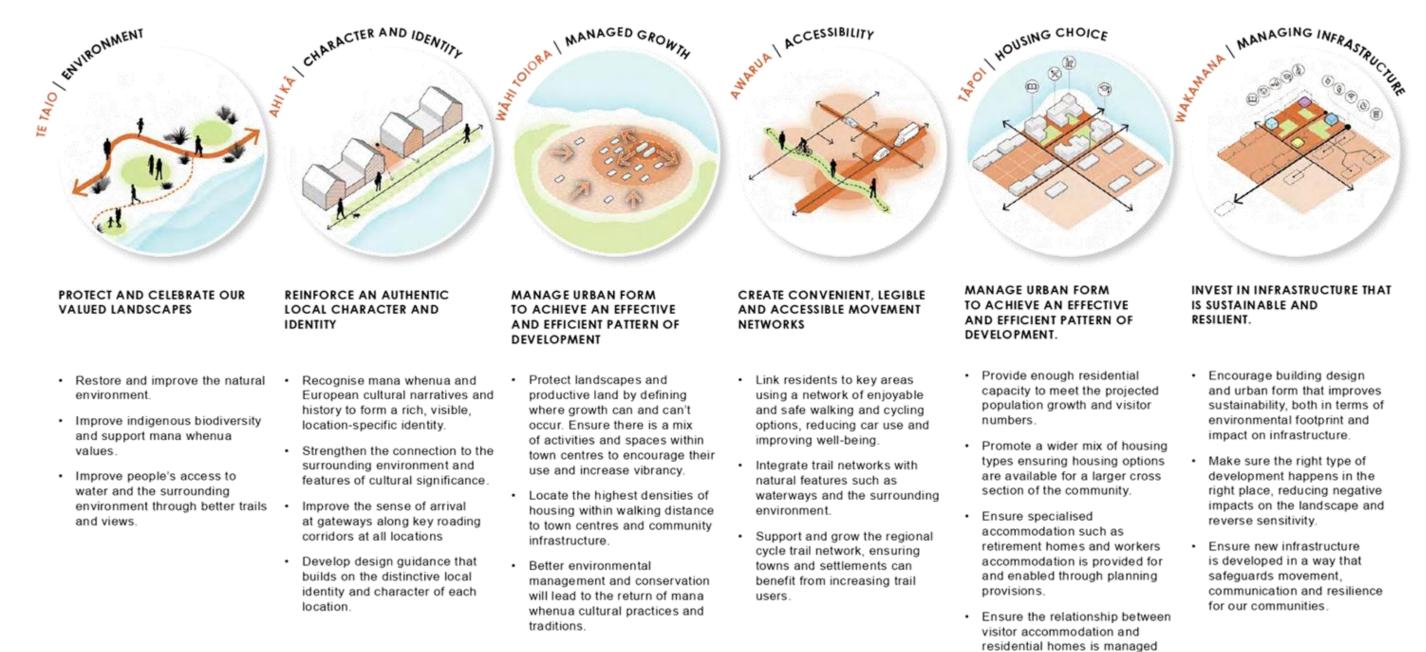
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# SPATIAL PLANNING PRINCIPLES

A series of design principles have been developed through the Spatial Planning process. These principles drew on a range of sources, including background research, community engagement, the Investment Logic Mapping workshops, the Optioneering Workshops and community feedback

These principles will be used to guide the development of each town and rural settlement as they grow. Each principle can be used to evaluate development proposals that come to light in future.

They are living principles, designed to be updated and amended as new opportunities come to light or the situation in each location changes.



- in a way that doesn't impact

community cohesion.

# ACCOMMODATION AND HOUSING TYPES

Ensuring a good mix of housing types can be developed in the right areas is important to ensuring our communities can grow in a way that improves the places we call home.

The provision of different types of densities have been informed by growth projections that look out thirty years (and beyond). By doing this the Spatial Plans ensure that there will be enough housing capacity to meet the needs of our growing populations.

The Spatial Plans outline the zoning that will be provided for through the District Plan Review, which will begin in early 2022. This enables different types of housing to be developed to meet the changing needs of the community, such as catering for different lifestyles, more choice, greater affordability and increased availability.

### DESIGN GUIDELINES

As each township has its own specific environment and built character, it is expected that township specific design guidelines will be developed alongside the District Plan Review. Design Guidelines will support the new District Plan and will inform how housing should be developed, ensuring it complements the landscape and fits the look and feel of the town.

This will be particularly important for the higher residential densities that have been proposed, such as High-Density / Mixed Use and Medium Density Residential. Design guidelines can cover things such as building forms, façade treatments, material palettes, open space, car parking, lighting and a range of other design elements.

### SPECIALIST ACCOMMODATION

The community has made it clear they want to see provision for specialised accommodation such as retirement homes and workers accommodation etc. While specific areas haven't been identified for these types of development, the expectation is that provisions will be included in the District Plan to better enable these. MDC will also be looking at how they can encourage and incentivise these kinds of developments, where appropriate.

### VISITOR ACCOMMODATION

Areas for higher density visitor accommodation, such as hotels and motels, have been identified in the plans. These have been developed to cater for the projected numbers of visitors in the next 30 years.

It is also likely that controls will be developed to address the issue of an oversupply of residential Airbnb type holiday homes, which are having an impact on existing residential communities and infrastructure. These controls will be developed in consultation with the community and included in the District Plan Review.

### HIGH DENSITY/MIXED USE RESIDENTIAL









DENSITY	50-70 Dwellings / Ha
TYPICAL SECTIONS	150 - 200 sqm
TYPICAL HOUSING TYPES	Low - medium rise apartment

High density / mixed use development offers opportunities for a combination of residential living and complementary commercial and/or visitor accommodation activities. It is best used where there is high demand but little space and where the visual impacts can be well managed. It has only been proposed in Tekapo [Takapo.

- Ensures residential living in close proximity to town centre and community facilities.
- Increased densities create a vibrant town centre environment with a mix of residential and commercial opportunities supporting each other.
- Reduces the reliance on private cars, with the ability to walk and cycle to most locations within town
- Lowest maintenance 'lock and leave' options with less impact on residential areas if they are also used as holiday homes. This is equally applicable for local residents.





ENSITY	30 - 40 Dwellings / Ha
YPICAL ECTIONS	250 - 300 sqm
YPICAL IOUSING YPES	Semi attached terrace houses, attached terrace houses, low rise apartments

Medium density residential housing offers higher density housing such as two storey town house style development. It has been identified in areas closest to town centres in the three main townships.

- Offers a wider range of housing opportunities, particularly for those looking for smaller houses and lower maintenance properties.
- · Improves affordability of housing by offering economies of scale and efficient use of land.
- Offers higher densities of residential populations close to town centres, encouraging walking and cycling over car use
- Provides for a mix of residential and visitor accommodation options without impacting traditional residential communities.

# LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

# LARGE LOT RESIDENTIAL

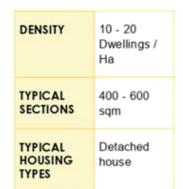
# RURAL RESIDENTIAL











Low density residential offers the 'traditional' residential offering with standalone houses on sections between 400-600 sqm. It creates neighborhoods with regular contact between neighbours and larger spaces for indoor and outdoor recreation activities.

DENSITY

TYPICAL

TYPICAL

TYPES

HOUSING

SECTIONS

Detached

houses on a

large section

- Generally within convenient walking or cycling distances to town centre and community facilities
- Typically offered through large-scale subdivisions, creating affordability through volume.
- Allows a balance of privacy and space, with a lower level of maintenance required.
- Accommodates small to large household sizes, with space for children to play, vegetable gardens, recreation etc.



2 - 4 sections and a more rural fee Dwellings / located further away from too Ha community facilities than hig housing.	wn centres and
2,000 - 4,000 sqm Detached housing on a la which can accommodate household sizes.	-

- More privacy and space for a range of recreational activities, increased ability to be self-reliant.
- More reliance on the use of vehicles to access most destinations.
- Higher property maintenance requirements due to larger section sizes.
- Less affordable due to larger property size and higher infrastructure costs.

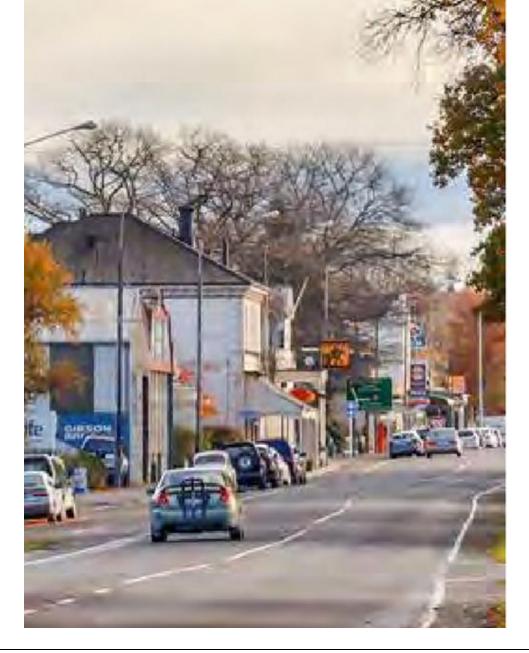


DENSITY	0.5 - 2 Dwellings / Ha
TYPICAL SECTIONS	1 - 2 ha
TYPICAL HOUSING TYPES	Detached houses on a rural section

Rural residential living offers a rural feel and often borders traditional rural areas, marking the boundary between the urban and rural town peripheries.

- Offers large spaces and rural outlooks, with the ability to raise small numbers of livestock.
- Reliant on vehicles to access goods and services.
- Provides space for on-site garaging and workshops spaces.
- Significantly increased property maintenance requirements due to large property size
- Increased costs due to the need to provide some infrastructure services on site.

# FAIRLIE SPATIAL PLAN



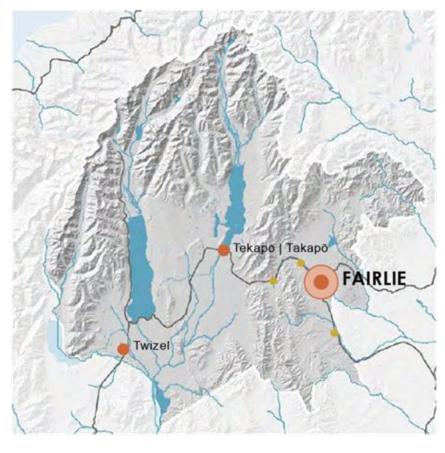
# INTRODUCTION

Located on the upper Öpihi River at the junction of State Highway 79 and State Highway 8, Fairlie is regarded by many as the gateway to the Mackenzie District from the north. Fairlie is the last large township encountered on the drive south into the Mackenzie Basin and is a popular stop on the route.

In 1865 an accommodation house opened at Fairlie Creek (as it was known until 1892). The Fairlie Branch Railway reached the town in 1884, servicing the town until 1968 and a regular coach service to Aoraki/Mt Cook began in 1886 servicing the burgeoning visitor industry.

Fairlie has been a rural hub for the Mackenzie District for generations, providing services, facilities and the main council offices. In recent years it has seen increasing tourism due to its location on the main route into the Mackenzie Basin, and this has seen a shift in the economy of the town.

While there has been a relatively stable population for a number of years, the number of houses has increased – this demonstrates the changing demographics and aging population of the town. Due to capacity constraints, housing quality and the availability of sections, many people have been choosing to live and build in the rural areas surrounding Fairlie.



MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY









TOWN CENTRE

CIVIC PRECINCT AND VILLAGE GREEN

SPORTS HUB

# CONTEXT ANALYSIS

Fairlie is situated alongside the Opihi River and at the junction of State Highways 79 and 8. It is surrounded by fertile farmland and has few significant landscape constraints other than those related to flooding - both from the river and overland flows.

### LAND USE AND CAPABILITY

The town centre is located centrally within the town, with residential areas radiating out to the north, west and south. Industrial land is situated directly across the river to the east. Another large industrial area remains undeveloped to the south. Larger recreational areas define the edge of the town. Land use capabilities surrounding the town are generally of moderate productive value, largely suitable for pastoral grazing.

Ensuring Fairlie could continue to grow, without impacting its surrounding rural amenity and productive capacity, was a key consideration in the Spatial Planning process.

### LOT SIZE AND OWNERSHIP

Smaller lots (warmer colours) tend to be in the more established parts of Fairlie. They have already been split into a diverse range of ownerships and this is where infill growth and intensification could occur. Some larger tracts of land (cooler colours) remain close to the town, making comprehensive development more manageable. An informal settlement area exists to the north of the town, with incremental rural residential lots evident along both Nixon and Clayton Roads.

### MOVEMENT

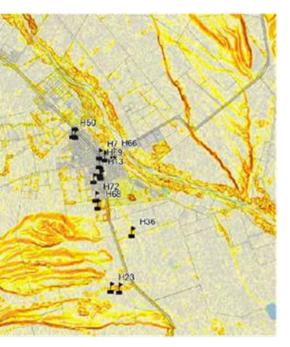
Access to Fairlie is predominately via State Highways 8 and 79, the latter providing one of the few bridge crossings over the Öpihi River. The street grid forms the block structure of the town, with local roads radiating out in all directions. Walking and cycling trails follow the Opihi River corridor and along Nixons and School Roads.

H2



### LANDSCAPE CONSTRAINTS

The town is located on predominately flat land. The Opihi River frames the town to the immediate east with more distant foothills to the west and east.



Heritage items

Flat

Very Steep

# COMMUNITY ANALYSIS

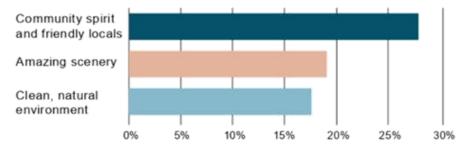
# COMMUNITY SURVEY

A community survey undertaken in early 2020 showed that Fairlie has a strong sense of community and people are proud to call Fairlie home.

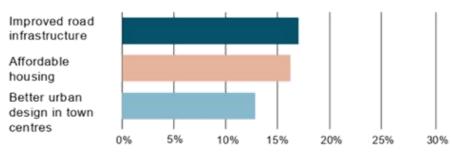
Fairlie has been less impacted by the rapid growth in tourism when compared to Tekapo|Takapö and Twizel, and this was apparent in responses to the survey.

Looking ahead, people in Fairlie wanted the town to be known for having a friendly, safe and inviting community and were interested in the provision of affordable housing.

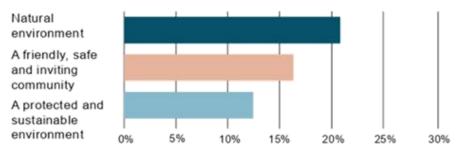
#### WHAT DO YOU LIKE THE MOST ABOUT THE MACKENZIE DISTRICT?



### WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE CHANGED?



### WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE MACKENZIE DISTRICT TO BE **KNOWN FOR?**



### HOUSING AND POPULATION

Fairlie has an aging population, with a higher proportion of elderly or those who will be elderly within the next decade.

The population structure has not changed significantly over time, nor has it experienced any marked growth, increasing just 2% from 2013 - 2018.

Fairlie has a mixed housing stock, largely made up by residential dwellings and lifestyle properties. In the last ten years the number of dwellings has increased by 10%, this been caused by a decreasing average household occupancy (less people are living in each house so more houses are required to house the same population). This is a result of changing demographics. The majority of this housing growth is through the development of lifestyle properties on the town's edges.

In the last few years, there has been anecdotal evidence to suggest that people are moving to Fairlie and working in Takapo, as house prices and rents are more affordable.

### **RESIDENTIAL POPULATION PROJECTIONS - FAIRLIE**

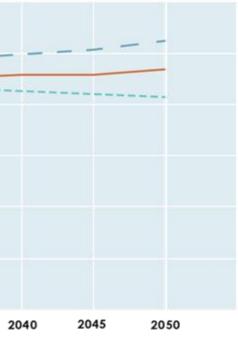
# 1200 1000 800 600 400 200 2005 2010 2020 2025 2035 2015 2030 • • • • Scenario 1 Scenario 2 Scenario 3 RECOMMENDED SCENARIO

MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY The population in Fairlie is expected to grow slowly over the next 30 years, from a current day population of 895 to a total of 935 in 2050 - a rate of 0.1% per annum.

jobs in 2050.

Dwelling growth is also expected to exceed the rate of population increase, moving from 492 to 583, at a rate of 0.5% per annum.

The number of jobs in the township is expected to increase at a higher rate of 0.8% per annum on average, from 383 in 2020 to a total of 520



Scenario 4

# UNDERSTANDING THE PROBLEMS

# INVESTMENT LOGIC MAPPING

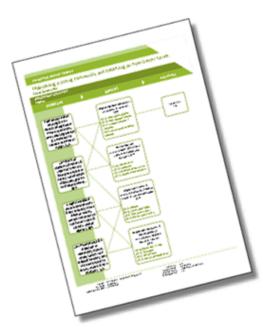
To help understand the problems faced in Fairlie, and the benefits that could be achieved by addressing the problems identified, the Spatial Planning team used a process called Investment Logic Mapping (ILM).

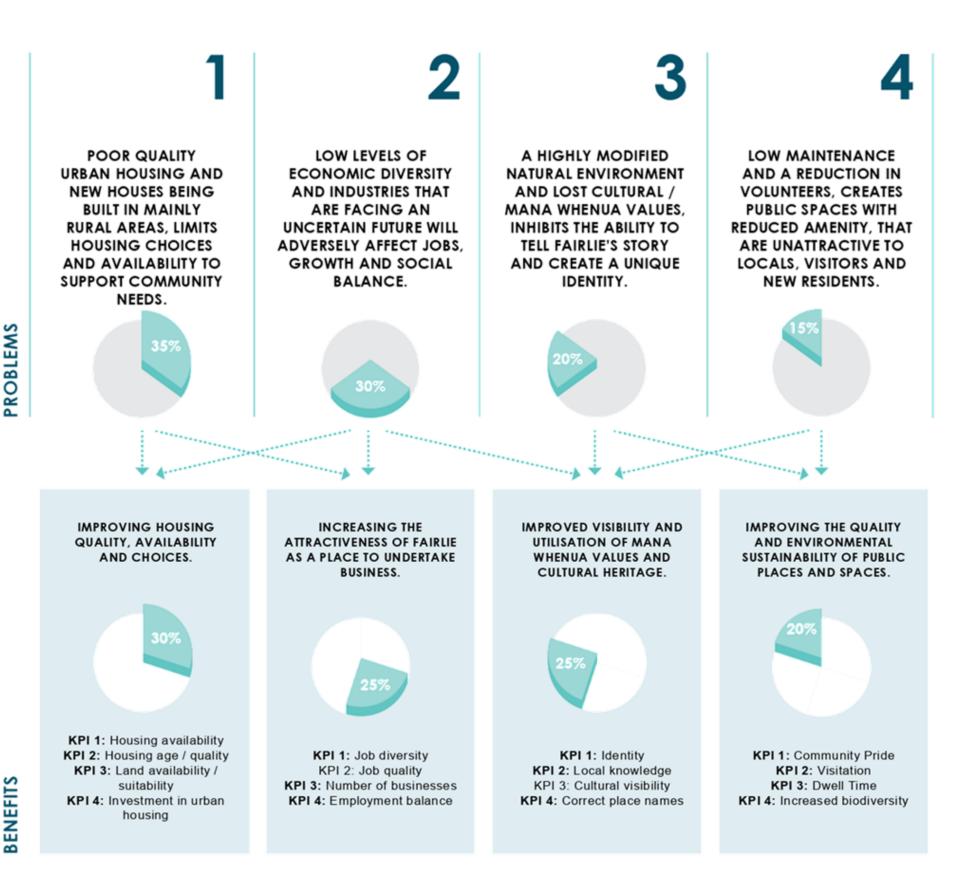
This ensured the Spatial Plans were focused on addressing the issues faced by the community, and created four investment objectives (or ILM benefits) that were used to measure the options developed through the process.

An ILM workshop was held in Fairlie on 8 July 2020 at the Mackenzie Council Chambers, this involved a cross section of community members to ensure a representative view was heard and understood.

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

- · Improving housing quality, availability and choices (30%)
- Increasing the attractiveness of Fairlie as a place to undertake business (25%)
- Improved visibility and utilisation of mana whenua values and cultural heritage (25%)
- Improving the quality and environmental sustainability of public places and spaces (20%)





# **DEVELOPING THE OPTIONS**

A community workshop was held in Fairlie on 29 July 2020 to help develop the options for the town.

This facilitated workshop was held with a cross section of the Fairlie community, with the aim to understand the following:

- Understand the existing positive qualities of the town and future hopes of the community for the next 30 years.
- Explore a range of approaches to managing the future growth of the town and apply those to developing a short-list of spatial plan options to consult the wider community on.
- Identify issues and opportunities that will inform future town centre plans The workshop broke attendees into four groups who independently developed four different approaches to growth in Fairlie.

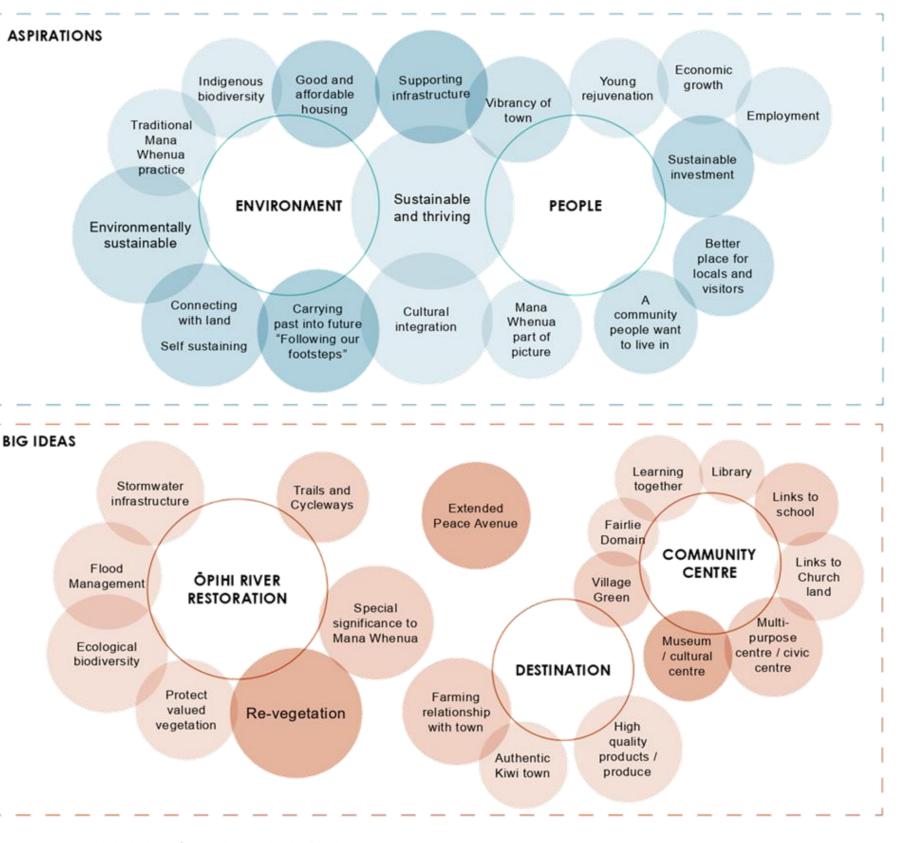
Using the results of these workshops, the Spatial Planning team developed a range of growth options for the town. These were then scored against the investment objectives identified in the ILM and a range of other measures to help develop a short-list of options for engagement with the community.

It also identified a range of aspirations and big ideas for Fairlie.









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# APPROACHES TO GROWTH

The below approaches to growth were developed by the participants in the options workshop. They were used to develop the options that were shared with the community for feedback.

LOW RATIO GROWTH

GROUP 2





- Connect and centralise community facilities to increase their presence and utilisation.
- Encourage residential subdivision to the west of the town.
- Develop some of the community village green space as a commercial area to link with existing retail activity and support the activity in the green space.



- Better utilise the wetland areas along the Öpihi River as community spaces while improving and protecting them.
- Development of a new bypass road due to concerns about heavy traffic through the centre of town.
- Spread residential development to the west of town due to terrain and the protection of rural outlook.





- Develop and intensify the commercial centre of town.
- Develop rural residential options to the north-west, west and south of the town.
- Invest and develop cycleways from Timaru, Kimbell and along the Öpihi River.





 Intensify the commercial centre of town and develop a system of laneways.

 Develop industrial land away from the Opihi River.

 Relocate the A&P Showgrounds and develop the land for residential housing.

 Redevelop the golf course into a shared community green space. THE OPTIONS





# CORRIDOR GROWTH

Option A - Corridor Growth proposed growth in Fairlie through the consolidation of available land within the town and the expansion of large lot and rural residential along the main road corridors.

- · Growth contained by landscape features and along road corridors radiating out from the town. This helps establish an open space network, which brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with the Opihi River.
- Housing growth achieved through some medium density infill and a mix of low density, large lot and rural residential expansion of the town edges and along urban corridors.
- Proposal to develop the frontage of the A&P Showgrounds site for residential use along Gillingham Street.
- · Visitor accommodation continues to consolidate in a corridor along Mt Cook Road (SH8) with opportunities for holiday homes within the urban blocks leading out of town.
- · Industrial activities grow away from the town along Geraldine-Fairlie Highway (SH79).







### TOWN CENTRE

Fairlie town centre retained in its current location and grows north along Mt Cook Road and south along the Main Street (SH8) corridor on the southern end of the reserve.

The southern end of the reserve is developed for new town centre retail. The remaining northern end of the reserve is improved to link with the existing town centre and an enhanced civic precinct.



# CLUSTERED GROWTH

Option B- Clustered Growth proposed growth in Fairlie through the consolidation of available land within the town and expansion through well-defined large lot and rural residential clusters close to town.

- · Growth contained by landscape features and open spaces that define town edges and urban clusters. This helps establish an open space network, which brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with the Opihi River
- Housing growth achieved through some medium density infill clustered around the town centre. A mix of low density, large lot and rural residential expands on the town edges and within urban clusters.
- Proposal to develop the southern part of the A&P Show ground Site for residential use.
- Visitor Accommodation is clustered to the north of the town centre, either side of Mt Cook Road (SH8) and Denmark Street, with opportunities for holiday homes along the Main Street blocks.
- · Industrial activities continue to grow away from the town and are clustered within existing zoned land east of the Opihi River



### TOWN CENTRE

Fairlie town centre retained in its current location and grows eastwards through to Grey Street to complete the urban block.

A laneway and courtyard network established within an expanded town centre block that is defined by Main Street, Allendale Road, Grey Street and Talbot Road.

Closer links are made between the town centre, holiday park and enhanced Öpihi River environment.



# CONSTRAINED GROWTH

Option C - Contained Growth proposed growth in Fairlie through consolidation of available land within the town, along with well-defined areas of expansion of large lot and rural Residential housing options on the edge of town.

- Growth contained by landscape features and open spaces that clearly define the town edges. This helps establish a network which brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with the Opihi River.
- Housing growth achieved through medium density infill in blocks close to the town centre. A mix of low density and large lot residential expands on the town edges with rural residential minimised.
- · Proposal to develop the whole A&P Showgrounds site for residential use.
- Visitor accommodation wraps around the town centre with opportunities for holiday homes within the surrounding blocks.
- Industrial activities continue to grow away from the town and are consolidated within existing zoned land east of the Opihi River.



### TOWN CENTRE

Fairlie town centre is retained in its current location and grows southwards towards the civic offices and other commercial activities on the western side of Main Street

The northern end of the reserve becomes a highquality civic space with town centre retail fronting onto it, as an extension of the Riddle Street shops.

A consolidated community precinct is established that incorporates the school, community hall, church and civic offices, linked to the town centre.

# COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

### WHAT THE COMMUNITY THOUGHT

The Fairlie community indicated they wanted to go for a more contained form of growth, with increasing densities and infill in town as opposed to increasing rural residential development on the outskirts. At the same time, people acknowledged the lifestyle living that has developed on the outer edges of Fairlie is an attractive offering and this has brought a number of new people into the community.

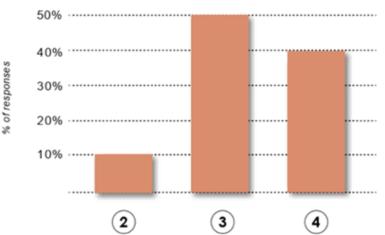
To cater for both, the preferred Spatial Plan formalised some of the emerging areas of rural residential development that are already occurring with some provision for further growth, and then increased the allowable density in the town itself - ideally giving a best of both worlds.

The current design of the commercial area in the town centre has been extended to the east and west of the main road. The aim being to give some depth to the town centre, better connect it to the Öpihi River and offer an alternative to using the main road for access and car parking. This will also offer an opportunity for more and different businesses to set up shop in Fairlie, including those in lanes and courtyards, increasing the vibrancy of the town.

### PREFERRED OPTION ENGAGEMENT RESULTS

The community was asked to rate the preferred option out of five and provide comment on what they liked and what they wanted to see changed about the plan.

The Fairlie community preferred option received an average rating of 3.3 out of five, which shows on the whole the community supports the preferred option.



Responses (one being poor and five being excellent)

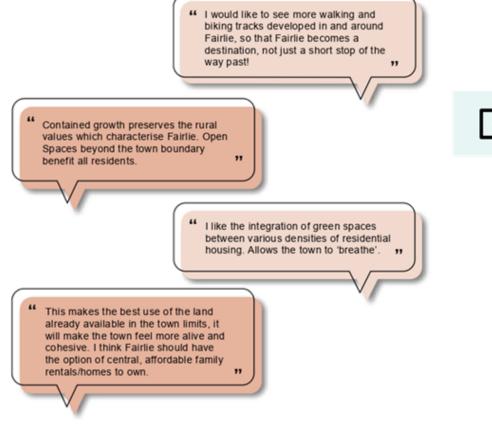
### The results can be viewed online at:

http://bit.ly/MDC Preferred Option Spatial Plan

### SPATIAL PLAN

### THE PREFERRED OPTION WILL SEE GROWTH IN FAIRLIE MANAGED THROUGH THE CONSOLIDATION OF LAND AVAILABLE WITHIN THE TOWN BOUNDARY, ALONG WITH WELL-DEFINED AREAS OF LOW-DENSITY EXPANSION ON THE EDGE OF TOWN. LARGE LOT AND RURAL RESIDENTIAL HOUSING THAT ALREADY EXISTS HAS BEEN FORMALISED IN CORRIDORS AND CLUSTERS TO THE EAST AND WEST OF TOWN.

- waterways and trails that link with the Opihi River.
- centre, holiday park and Öpihi River environment.
- residential expansion along the town's edges.
- Fairlie Highway (SH79).
- Cook Road (SH8).
- Highway (SH79).



Growth within the town is largely contained by landscape features and open spaces that define the town's edges. This helps establish an open space network, which brings together existing open spaces,

Fairlie's town centre is retained in its current location, while growing east and west to complete several urban blocks. An opportunity exists for a laneway and courtyard network to be established within the expanded town centre. Closer links are made between the town

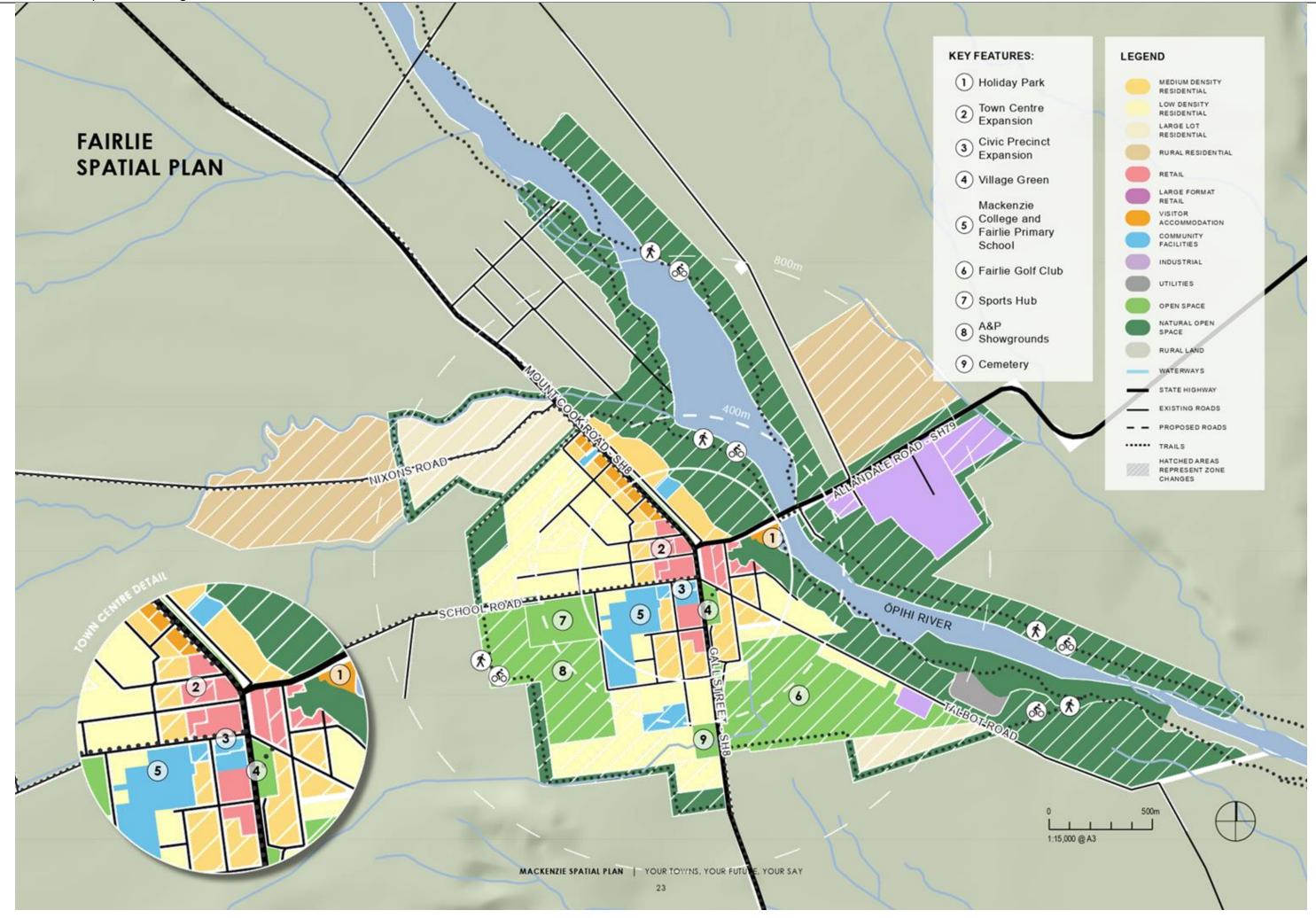
A community precinct is established that incorporates the school, community hall, church and civic offices, linked to the town centre.

Housing growth is achieved by providing the opportunity for mediumdensity infill in the blocks close to the town centre and low-density

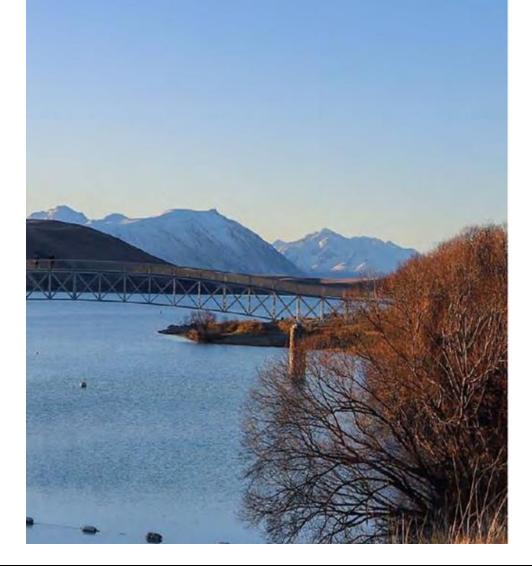
Some large lot residential zoning is provided in a corridor along Nixons Road and to the south of the golf course. Existing clusters of rural residential development are consolidated and formalised past the town's boundaries on Nixons Road, School Road and the Geraldine-

Commercial visitor accommodation consolidates in a corridor along Mt

Industrial activities grow away from the town along Geraldine-Fairlie



# TEKAPO TAKAPŌ SPATIAL PLAN



# INTRODUCTION

Located on the shores of Lake Tekapo, Tekapo|Takapō is a picturesque alpine village, and a popular tourist destination for domestic and international visitors. It sits on State Highway 8, the popular tourist route into the Mackenzie Basin and Southern Lakes.

Takapō is the traditional Ngai Tahu name for Lake Tekapo, meaning 'to leave in haste at night'. In 2021, MDC announced that it will start using the dual names of Tekapo and Takapō when referring to Lake Tekapo.

In 1857 the first sheep farm in the Mackenzie Basin was built on the shores of Lake Tekapo. When the lake is low the remains of the old Tekapo Station homestead can be seen on the eastern shores of the lake.

The Takapō hotel was established in 1861 and a ferry was set up to cross the Tekapo River. Twenty years later construction began on the first bridge. The town started to grow after the construction of hydropower stations in the 1930s. The project was delayed due to World War II, but it was eventually completed and commissioned in 1951.

Today tourism has seen another boom in Tekapo|Takapō and the population has grown significantly over the past decade. Population growth is expected to continue to increase from 504 today to 1240 in 2050, however this will likely be higher if capacity issues are addressed.

The increasing population and demand for visitor accommodation have seen housing values increase, which has placed pressure on the residential community and infrastructure.





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TOWN CENTRE

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD



TEKAPO SPRINGS

# CONTEXT ANALYSIS

### LAND USE AND CAPABILITY

The Tekapo|Takapō lake front is predominately zoned for recreation, with a section zoned Open Space (Heritage) in front of the Church of the Good Shepard. The town centre is located along the northern side of State Highway 8 with a large visitor accommodation area sitting to the south. The current residential areas are framed by rural and recreation land, including the Regional Park. An undeveloped Industrial area lies to the south close to the airport. Land use capabilities surrounding the town are generally of low productivity value and included in the Mackenzie Basin sub zone.

### LOT SIZE AND OWNERSHIP

Smaller lots (warmer colours) tend to be in the more established parts of the town that have already been split into a diverse range of ownerships, this is where infill growth and intensification could occur. Some larger tracts of land (cooler colours) remain (e.g. sales yard site, Lakeside Drive, etc.). Opportunities for more comprehensive development exist in these larger tracts of land on the edges of town.

### MOVEMENT

Access to Tekapo|Takapō is predominately via State Highway 8, which runs east-west through the town. There are several walking and cycling trails through the town and along the lake reserve, which connect to wider networks within the Regional Park, up Ōtehīwai|Mount John, and along the river. Lake Tekapo Airport is located a short distance to the west of the town.

# LANDSCAPE CONSTRAINTS

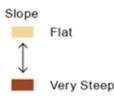
The town centre sits on relatively flat land on the edge of the lake, south east of Mount John. The rest of town wraps around the town centre on sloping or terraced land, which is the historic terminal moraine. The Tekapo|Takapō River outlet divides the town roughly in two. There are several Sites of Natural Significance, including Lake Tekapo|Takapō, as well as areas to the south and west. Scenic Tussock lands completely surround the town and sit within the broader context of the Mackenzie Basin, an Outstanding Natural Landscape.



25



- Heritage items
- Geopreservation sites
- Outstanding Natural Landscapes
- Scenic Grassland
- Scenic Viewing
- Sites of Natural
- Significance



# COMMUNITY ANALYSIS

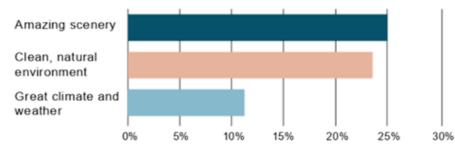
# COMMUNITY SURVEY

A community survey undertaken in early 2020 showed that Tekapo|Takapō residents highly valued the scenery and natural environment, for obvious reasons.

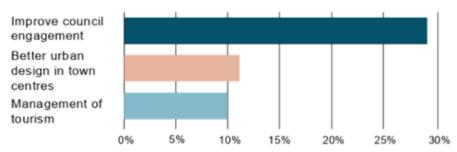
Those who responded to the survey wanted to see improved council engagement and were also concerned about the impacts of growth and tourism on the town.

Looking ahead, people from Tekapo|Takapo wanted to see better managed tourism and the infrastructure required to support it.

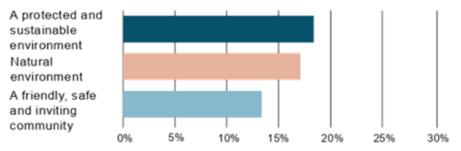
#### WHAT DO YOU LIKE THE MOST ABOUT THE MACKENZIE DISTRICT?



### WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE CHANGED?



# WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE MACKENZIE DISTRICT TO BE KNOWN FOR?



# HOUSING AND POPULATION

Tekapo|Takapō has a much younger population than the rest of the District, with a very large proportion of residents aged between 20 and 35. This significant demographic group call the town home due to the job opportunities offered up through tourism.

There is a very high number of unoccupied residential homes in the town, with 50% of homes classified as 'unoccupied' in 2020. This is due to the high number of short stay holiday home rental properties that are listed on Airbnb and other similar rental platforms.

The average sale price in Lake Tekapo increased by 141% between 2015 and 2019, clearly this is significant, and has reduced the ability of residents to be able to afford to live in the town. This has knock on effects to the makeup of the community and availability of worker accommodation.

### RESIDENTIAL POPULATION PROJECTIONS - TEKAPO | TAKAPO

### 1600 1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 200 2005 2010 2020 2025 2015 2030 2035 Scenario 1 Scenario 2 Scenario 3 RECOMMENDED SCENARIO MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY

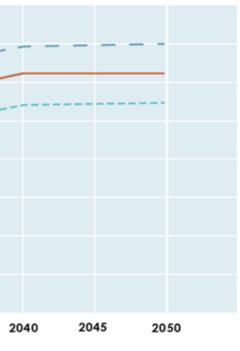
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# GROWTH

In recent years the town has experienced unprecedented growth due to an increase in domestic and international tourism. This has led to an increase in dwellings (both occupied and unoccupied) and significant growth in the usually resident population.

Population growth is expected to continue to increase from 504 today to 1240 in 2050, growing at an annual average rate of 2.3%. This growth would likely be higher, but capacity constraints based on the current zoning in the District Plan will see the town reach dwelling capacity by 2030, at 820 dwellings.

Following 2030, it is expected that the household size and percentage of occupied dwellings will continue to increase until approximately 2040 when the population capacity is reached. The changes outlined in the Spatial Plan will aim to address these capacity issues.



Scenario 4

# UNDERSTANDING THE PROBLEMS

# INVESTMENT LOGIC MAPPING

To help understand the problems faced in Tekapo|Takapō and the benefits that could be achieved by addressing them, the Spatial Planning team used a process called Investment Logic Mapping (ILM).

This ensured the Spatial Plans were focused on addressing the issues faced by the community, and created four investment objectives (or ILM benefits) that were used to measure the options developed through the process.

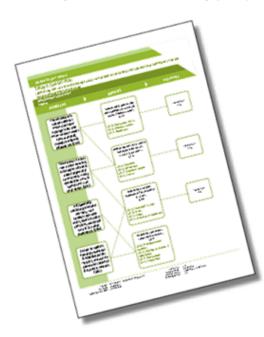
An ILM workshop was held in Tekapo|Takapō on 10 July 2020 at the Tekapo Community Centre, this involved a cross section of community members to ensure a representative view was heard and understood.

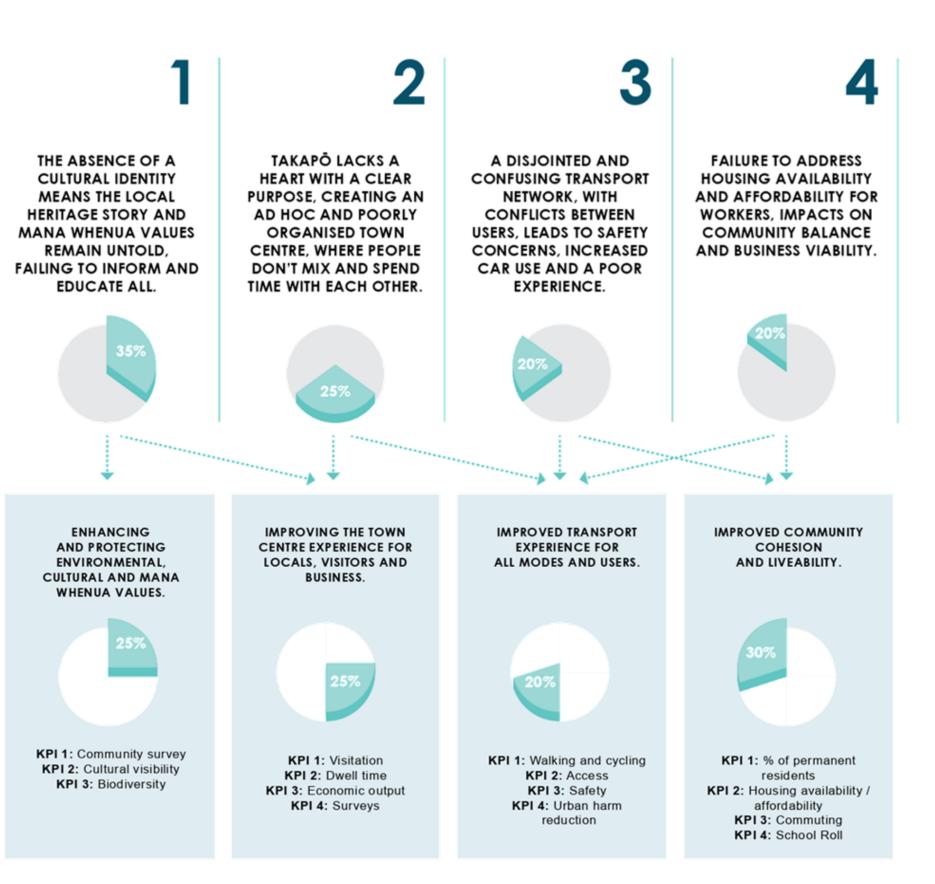
**PROBLEMS** 

BENEFITS

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

- Enhancing and protecting environmental, cultural and mana whenua values (25%)
- Improving the town centre experience for locals, visitors and business (25%)
- Improved transport experience for all modes and users (20%)
- · Improved community cohesion and liveability (30%)





# **DEVELOPING THE OPTIONS**

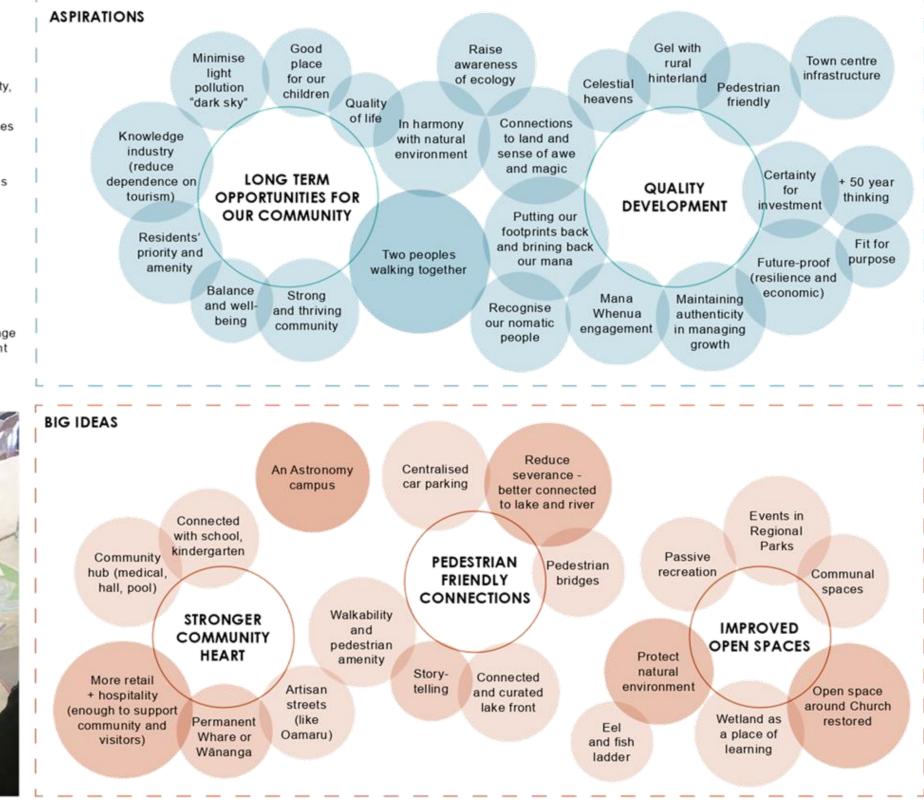
A community workshop was held in Tekapo|Takapō on 31 July 2020 to help develop the options for the town.

This facilitated workshop was held with a cross section of the community, with the aim to understand the following:

- Understand the existing positive qualities of the town and future hopes of the community for the next 30 years.
- Explore a range of approaches to managing the future growth of the town and apply those to developing a short-list of spatial plan options to consult the wider community on.
- Identify issues and opportunities that will inform the Town Centre Concept Plan.

The workshop broke attendees into four groups who independently developed four different approaches to Growth in Tekapo|Takapō.

Using the results of these workshops, the Spatial Planning team developed a range of growth options for the town. These were then scored against the investment objectives identified in the ILM and a range of other measures to help develop a short-list of options for engagement with the community.



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# APPROACHES TO GROWTH

The below approaches to growth in Tekapo | Takapō were developed in the options workshop. They were used to develop the options that were shared with the community for feedback.





- Keep the lake front as a consistent, protected recreational area.
- Ensure any dense development happens where it is most suitable and away from traditional residential areas.
- Highest densities should be on the lake side of the State Highway corridor.
- Development of a big box retail / industrial area to the west.



GROUP Z



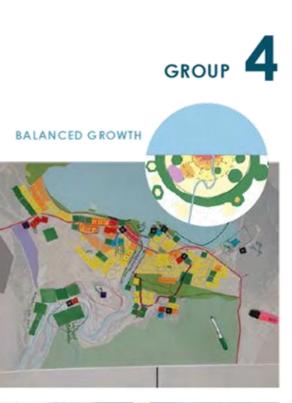
- Less stand alone holiday homes and more purpose-built hotels to free up space in the residential areas for residents.
- Develop a walkway over the State Highway.
- Investigate an events centre out by the Regional Park to the east
- Intensify retail and commercial along the lake front.





- Develop Mt John Hill as an active recreational reserve
- Use the Saleyards as a mixed use residential / commercial / community space.
- Provide for worker accommodation and high density living to the west of the river.
- Main visitor accommodation to be provided on the lake side of the State Highway.

MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN



4



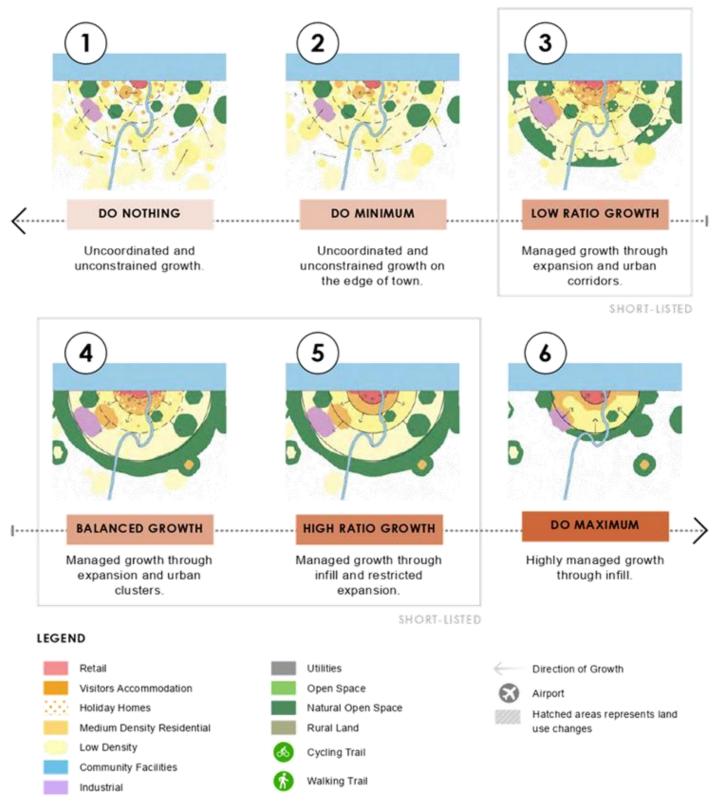
 Restore the wetlands and lake front through indigenous planting and landscaping.

 Protect the area around the Church of the Good Shepherd as a heritage area.

 Expand the town boundaries to allow for more low-density holiday homes.

 Increase densities along the lake side of the State Highway.

# THE OPTIONS





# CORRIDOR GROWTH

Corridor Growth proposed growth through more intensive infill and consolidation of available land within the town, alongside an expansion of residential housing along key road and river corridors.

- Growth contained by landscape features and natural topography to establish an open space network. This brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with Lake Tekapo, Mount John and the Regional Park.
- ٠ Housing growth balanced between infill and expansion, including medium density infill extending out from the town centre and along the State Highway, with the expansion of low density residential into outer urban corridors.
- Visitor accommodation continues to grow along SH8 and the lake front corridors, further opportunities for visitor accommodation located at the Saleyards site and The Cairns Golf Course.
- ٠ Holiday homes are located in corridors along the Lake Tekapo and river.
- · Industrial activities establish away from the town along Tekapo-Canal Road corridor with opportunities for some big box retail (e.g. supermarket, hardware store, etc.)

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The town is retained in its current location and grows both west and east along the lake front. To the west it extends into the Simpson Lane urban block and one side of Lakeside Drive. A smaller retail centre is included across the eastern side of the river on Pioneer Drive.

A corridor of community facilities continues along Aorangi Crescent with an opportunity for a whare wananga (place of learning) adjacent to the lake.

TOWN CENTRE





# CLUSTERED GROWTH

Clustered Growth proposed growth through more intensive infill and the consolidation of available land within the town, alongside expansion through welldefined neighbourhood clusters.

- · Growth contained by landscape features and natural topography to help establish an open space network. This will bring together existing open spaces, waterways, and trails to link with the lake, Mt John and the Regional Park.
- · Housing growth balanced between infill and expansion, including clusters of medium density infill near the town centre (south of SH8) with the expansion of residential or special use neighbourhood clusters established within protected landscapes on the edge of town.
- · Potential opportunity to develop the Saleyards site for a more intensive mix of land uses.
- · Visitor accommodation clusters are located around the town centre, including consolidating areas associated with Peppers Hotel, Lake Tekapo Holiday Park and cottages / lodges along Pioneer Drive. Opportunities for holiday homes are in adjacent industrial clusters.
- · Industrial activities are located away from the town along Tekapo-Canal Road with an opportunity for a cluster of larger format retail.

Item 5.5- Attachment 1



### TOWN CENTRE

The town centre is retained in its current location and grows west along the town centre, extending into the Simpson Lane urban block and one side of Lakeside Drive.

Smaller neighbourhood retail centres are clustered together with other areas of intensification.

A growth corridor of community facilities continues along Aorangi Crescent with an opportunity for a whare wananga (place of learning) adjacent to the lake.

# CONTAINED GROWTH

Contained Growth proposed growth through more intensive infill, consolidation of available land within the town and well-defined areas of residential expansion on the edge of town.

- · Growth constrained by landscape features and natural topography that helps establish an open space network, which brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with the lake, Mt John and the Regional Park.
- Housing growth balanced between infill and expansion, including medium density infill around the town centre and along the lake, and low density expansion replacing The Cairns Golf Course.
- Potential opportunity to develop the Saleyards as medium density residential.
- Visitor accommodation more intensively wraps around and above the town centre retail in areas where additional height can be absorbed (e.g. Lakeside Drive). Opportunities for holiday homes are within the infill blocks surrounding the town centre.
- Industrial activities establish away from the town along Tekapo-Canal Road.





The town centre is retained in its current location and grows west along the lake front to establish a larger, consolidated centre.

The town centre extends along the lake esplanade into the Simpson Lane urban block and one side of Lakeside Drive through to the hydro control gates.

lake.



### TOWN CENTRE

A growth corridor of community facilities continues along Aorangi Crescent with an opportunity for a whare wananga (place of learning) adjacent to the

# COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

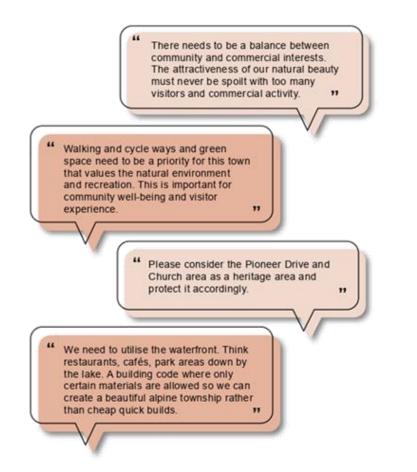
The results from Tekapo|Takapo were neck and neck between Corridor Growth and Contained Growth, so a hybrid Spatial Plan was developed that takes the best parts of both options and combined them.

The community made it clear that the Cairns Golf Course was important to the town, so the open space has been formalised and allowances made for a small amount of residential and visitor accommodation within it.

Ensuring the Church of the Good Shepherd and its surroundings are protected was something that the community felt strongly about, so this is a key part of the plan. This area has been protected and the zoning around the church will be complementary to the wider area.

The idea of a whare wananga (place of learning) received widespread support so it has been included in the preferred option. The exact detail of this will be developed in partnership with mana whenua and will be designed to complement the landscape.

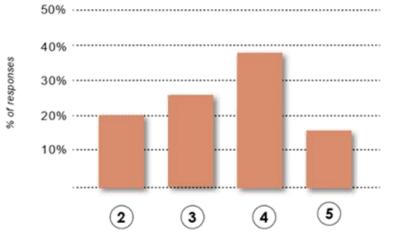
Concerns were raised about potential building heights, particularly in the medium and high density zones - these have been heard and will be addressed as part of the District Plan Review. This will see design guidelines developed for Tekapo|Takapö that cover issues such as building forms, façade treatments, material palettes, open space, car parking, lighting and a range of other design elements will maintain and enhance the character in Tekapo|Takapo.



### PREFERRED OPTION ENGAGEMENT RESULTS

The community was asked to rate the preferred option out of five and provide comment on what they liked and what they wanted to see changed about the plan.

The Tekapo | Takapo community preferred option received an average rating of 3.16 out of five, which shows on the whole the community supports the preferred option.





The results can be viewed online at:

http://bit.ly/MDC Preferred Option Spatial Plan

# SPATIAL PLAN

### THE PREFERRED OPTION WILL SEE GROWTH IN TAKAPO MANAGED BY PROVIDING THE OPPORTUNITY FOR RESIDENTIAL INFILL, THE CONSOLIDATION OF AVAILABLE LAND WITHIN THE TOWN AND WELL-DEFINED AREAS OF RESIDENTIAL EXPANSION ON THE EDGES OF TOWN.

- Park

- opportunities for further facilities.
- input from mana whenua and the church community.
- the lake front.
- character of The Cairns Golf Course.

- underway at the time of finalising the Spatial Plan.

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MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN
                        YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY
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· Growth is contained by existing landscape features and natural topography, which helps establish an open space network. This brings together existing open spaces, waterways and trails to link with Lake Takapō, Mt John (including a proposed Bike Park) and the Regional

Takapō town centre grows west along the lake front to establish a larger, consolidated centre that extends along the lake esplanade into the Simpson Lane urban block. Car parking is extended on the northern side of Lakeside Drive through to the hydro control gates.

Opportunities for smaller scale community-based retail are provided at the sale yards site and to the south of SH8 west of the river.

· An extended corridor of community facilities continues along Aorangi Crescent bringing together the school, community centre and providing

· A Whare wananga (place of learning) has been proposed on the lake front across the river from the Church of the Good Shepherd following

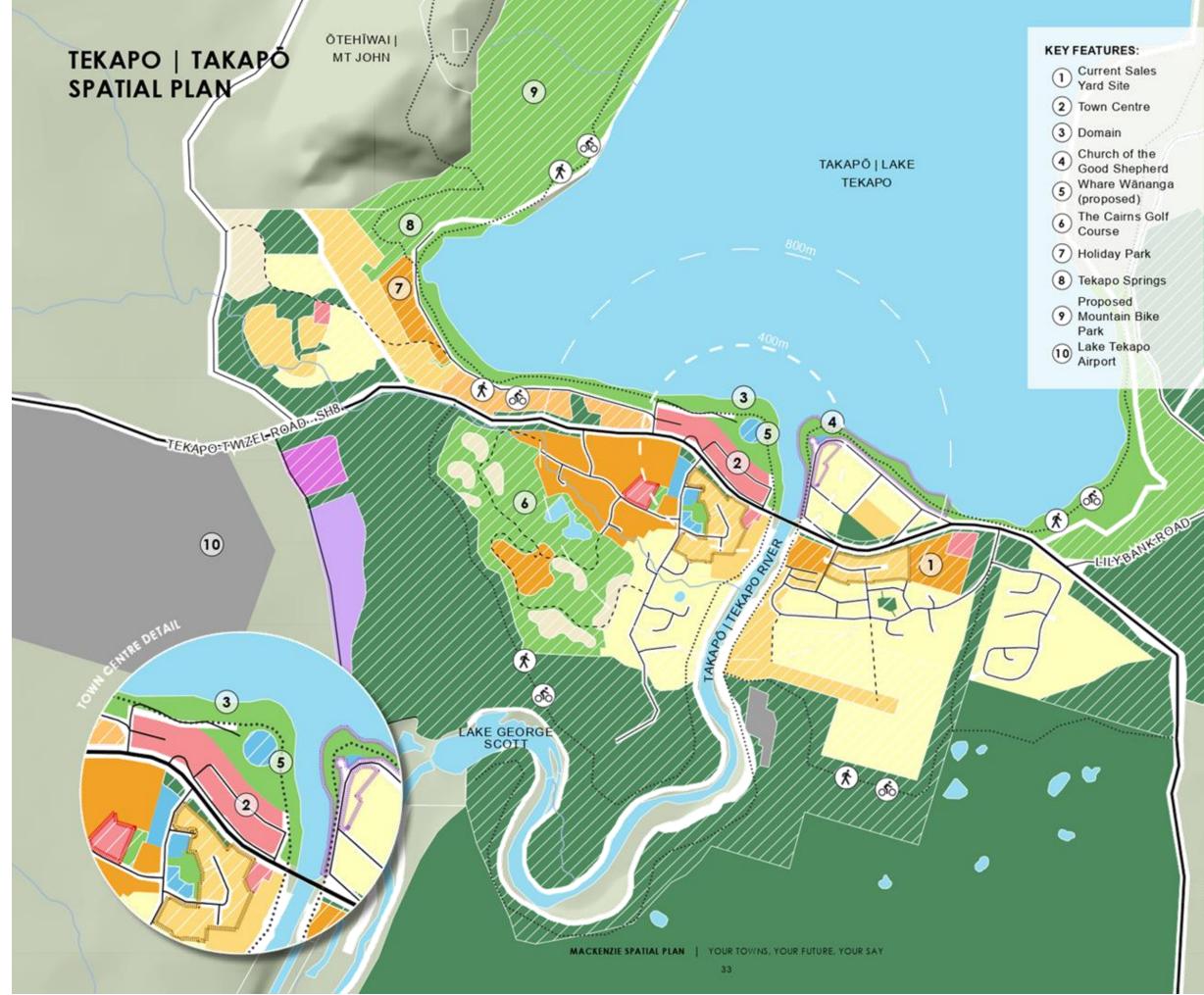
Opportunity for a business park development has been included, allow for professional services and medical practices to establish away from

Housing growth is balanced between infill and expansion, including high density along Lakeside Drive, medium density infill around the town and neighbourhood centres, and low density expansion on the edges of town. Opportunities for large lot residential maintain the open

Commercial visitor accommodation extends along Lakeside Drive and above the town centre retail in areas where additional height can be absorbed by the landscape. Commercial visitor accommodation continues to grow along Tekapo-Twizel Road (SH8) with opportunities within the saleyards site and The Cairns Golf Course.

Industrial activities establish away from the town along Tekapo-Canal Road with an opportunity for a cluster of larger format retail.

· The provision of a sports field has been acknowledged and will be considered as part of the Parks and Reserves Strategy that is



ES:	
Sales	
е	
entre	

LEGEND

HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL / MIXED USE MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

LARGE LOT

RURAL RESIDENTIAL

RETAIL

LARGE FORMAT RETAIL VISITOR ACCOMMODATION COMMUNITY FACILITIES

INDUSTRIAL

UTILITIES

OPEN SPACE

NATURAL OPEN SPACE

RURAL LAND

HERITAGE AREA

BUSINESS PARK SPECIALAMENITY AREA

WATERWAYS

STATE HIGHWAY

EXISTING ROADS

PROPOSED ROADS

\*\*\*\*\*\* TRAILS HATCHED AREAS REPRESENT ZONE CHANGES

750m

1:25,000 @ A3

# TWIZEL SPATIAL PLAN

# INTRODUCTION

Founded in 1968, Twizel began as a temporary hydro construction town when the Ministry of Works laid out 1,200 sections and 23 km of road, on 260 hectares of former Ruataniwha Station land. Schools, and shopping and community centres were built and Twizel had between 5,000 and 6,000 inhabitants by 1975. The town was modelled on Mangakino in the North Island and Ötemätätä in North Otago.

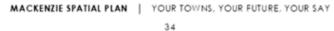
Following the conclusion of the hydroelectric programme, the population declined significantly, and it was through the lobbying of residents that the town was saved from removal in 1983.

Today it is the largest town in the Mackenzie District with a strong community and rich offering of retail and hospitality to serve the community and increasing number of visitors.

It is a popular tourist destination, with the population often tripling during the summer holiday period.

Twizel's population has grown significantly over the past decade and this is expected to continue over the next 30 years. Much the same as Tekapo|Takapō, this is due to a projected increase in jobs and the desirability of the town due to lifestyle reasons.













TOWN CENTRE

RUANTANIWHA ROWING CLUB

TOWN CENTRE

# CONTEXT ANALYSIS

### LAND USE AND CAPABILITY

Twizel's town centre is located close to State Highway 8, alongside visitor accommodation. Suburban residential areas extend west, linked by recreation corridors with a typical of hydro town character. More recent and larger residential lots wrap around the original town and extend further westwards along two urban corridors. Recreational land uses are clustered around Lake Ruataniwha. Rural land use capabilities surrounding the town are generally of low productivity value and sit within the broader context of the Mackenzie Basin sub zone.

### LOT SIZE AND OWNERSHIP

Smaller lots (warmer colours) tend to be in the more established parts of the town that have already been split into a diverse range of ownerships. This is where infill growth and intensification could occur. Some larger tracts of land (cooler colours) remain close to the town, (especially to the west of the town) making future comprehensive development more manageable.

### MOVEMENT

Twizel is located to the west of State Highway 8. which runs north-south adjacent to the town. A series of crescents service the older parts of town, framed by Northwest Arch. There are a series of walking and cycling trails around the edge of the town, linking destinations along the Twizel River corridor, Lake Ruantaniwha and Manmade Hill. A network of green ways radiate from the town centre. Pukaki Airport sits to the north of town.

# LANDSCAPE CONSTRAINTS



Twizel is located on a predominately flat alluvial plain framed by the Twizel River and Lake Ruataniwha, which is identified as a site of Natural Significance. It sits within the broader context of the Mackenzie Basin, an Outstanding Natural Landscape. A view shaft extends from the town centre, across the recreation ground, to the distant Aoraki / Mt Cook

# COMMUNITY ANALYSIS

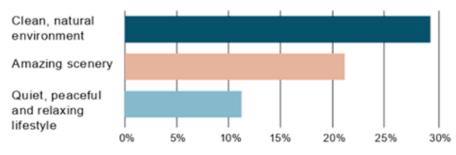
# COMMUNITY SURVEY

In the community survey carried out in early 2020, the people of Twizel made it clear that they highly valued their natural environment, amazing scenery and relaxing lifestyle.

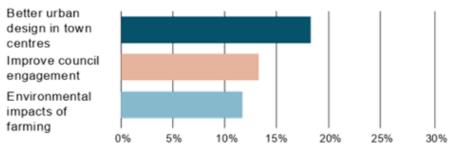
In terms of what they would like to see changed, the most popular response was better urban design and maintenance, potentially reflecting the layout of the town, a legacy of the Ministry of Works town planning. Also mentioned was the need for more affordable housing - this is likely due to the effects of the tourism growth and Airbnb market pushing house prices up.

Looking to the future, people in Twizel wanted the town to be known for its natural environment and beauty, and to see the environment protected in a sustainable way.

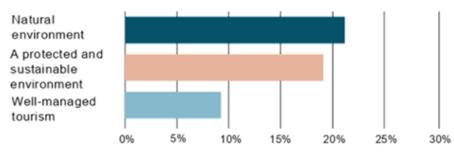
### WHAT DO YOU LIKE THE MOST ABOUT THE MACKENZIE DISTRICT?



### WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE CHANGED?



### WHAT IS THE ONE THING YOU WOULD LIKE MACKENZIE DISTRICT TO BE **KNOWN FOR?**



# HOUSING AND POPULATION

**USUAL RESIDENT POPULATION - TWIZEL** 

Twizel has experienced significant growth since 2013, with its population growing by 26%. This growth has been largely driven by people in their late working lives and early retirement years moving to town, with a smaller proportion of international migrants.

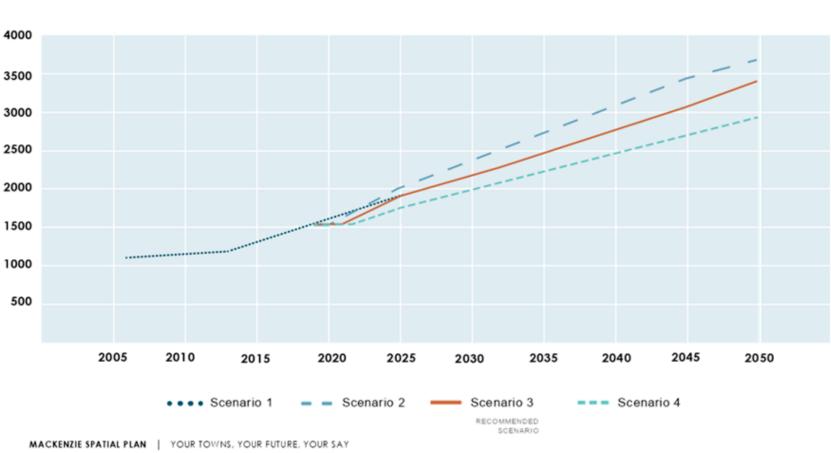
Multiple homeowners are also the most prevalent buyer type in Twizel, and the town also has a high rate of unoccupied homes, at 53% of the housing stock.

The housing stock in Twizel is older and smaller than the rest of the district, and stems from the town's inception in 1968 for hydro-power generation. Over the last decade 390 houses have been constructed, growing the number of dwellings by 19%, with the majority of these new builds being lifestyle properties.

# GROWTH

The population in Twizel is expected to increase significantly over the next 30 years. Much the same as Tekapo|Takapo, this is due to an increase in jobs and the desirability of the place due to lifestyle reasons. Twizel already has the largest population in the Mackenzie District at 1650, and this is expected to continue to increase to 3395 by 2050. Employment is expected to increase from 550 today to 1600 in 2050, increasing at a rate of 2.7% a year.

If there are no changes to the present day zoning under the District Plan. Twizel is expected to reach dwelling capacity in 2040 at a total of 2500 dwellings, a total increase of 61.7%. This is based on the assumption that development continues in the same manner as today.



# UNDERSTANDING THE PROBLEMS

# INVESTMENT LOGIC MAPPING

To help understand the problems faced in Twizel and the benefits that could be achieved by addressing them, the Spatial Planning team used a process called Investment Logic Mapping (ILM).

This ensured the Spatial Plans were focused on addressing the issues faced by the community, and created four investment objectives (or ILM benefits) that were used to measure the options developed through the process.

An ILM workshop was held in Twizel on 9 July 2020 at the Twizel Community Hall, this involved a cross section of community members to ensure a representative view was heard and understood.

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

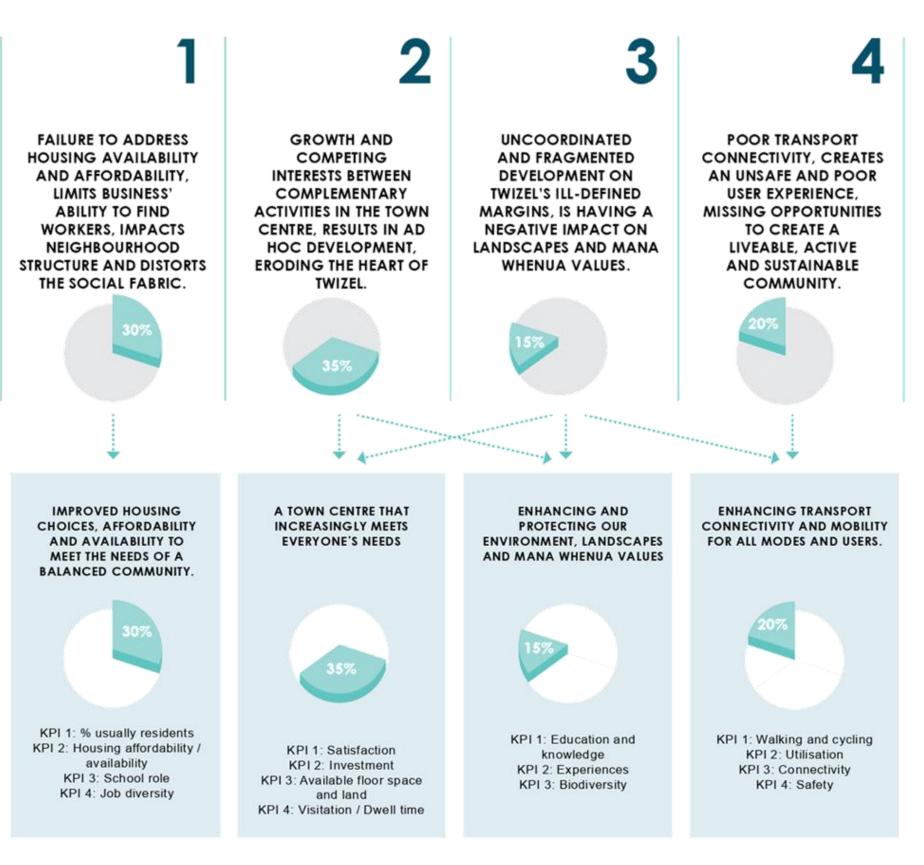
 Improved housing choices, affordability and availability to meet the needs of a balanced community (30%) EMS

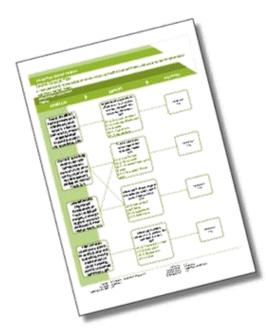
OBL

PR

BENEFITS

- A town centre that increasingly meets everyone's needs (35%)
- Enhancing and protecting our environment, landscapes and mana whenua values (15%)
- Enhancing transport connectivity and mobility for all modes and users (20%)





MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY

# **DEVELOPING THE OPTIONS**

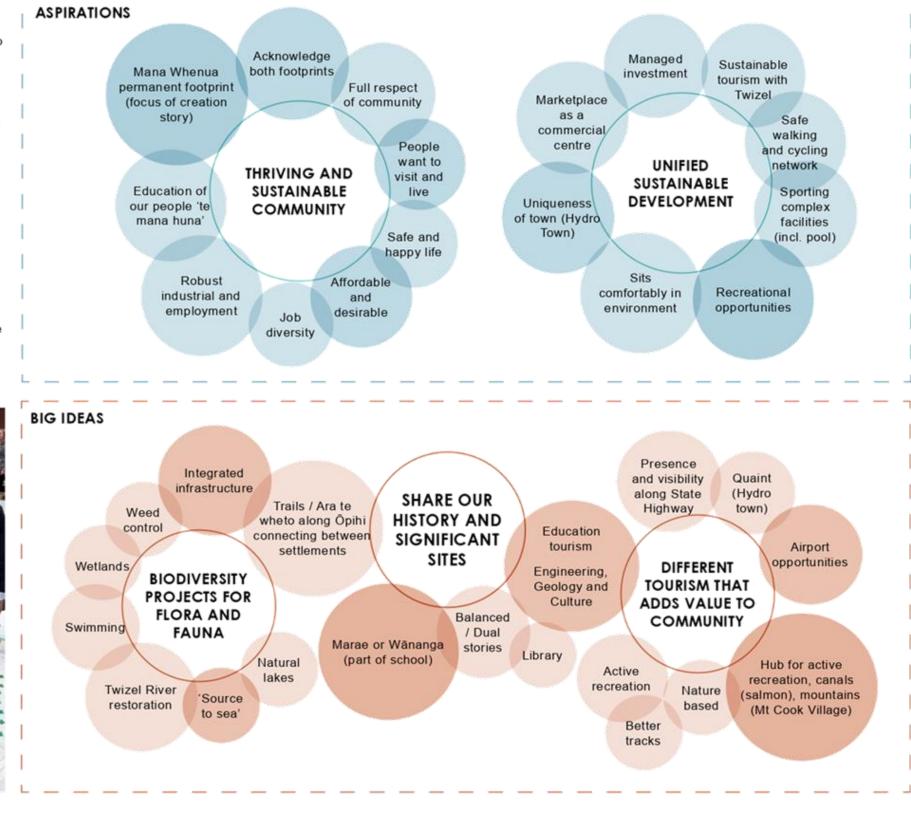
A community workshop was held in Twizel on 30July 2020 to help develop the options for the town.

This facilitated workshop was held with a cross section of the community, with the aim to understand the following:

- Understand the existing positive qualities of the town and future hopes of the community for the next 30 years.
- Explore a range of approaches to managing the future growth of the town and apply those to developing a short-list of spatial plan options to consult the wider community on.
- Identify issues and opportunities that will inform the Town Centre Concept Plan.

The workshop broke attendees into three groups who independently developed four different approaches to growth in Twizel.

Using the results of these workshops, the Spatial Planning team developed a range of growth options for the town. These were then scored against the investment objectives identified in the ILM and a range of other measures to help develop a short-list of options for engagement with the community.



MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY

# APPROACHES TO GROWTH

The below approaches to growth in Twizel were developed in the options workshop. They were used to develop the options that were shared with the community for feedback.







- · Develop two areas of industrial activity light industrial along Ostler Road and heavy industrial across SH8, blocked by a greenway.
- · Develop a mix of retail, community facilities and medical services all centralised within the town centre.
- · Create a commercial spine along SH8 to draw travellers into the town.
- · Use a graduated approach to density, with the highest densities closest to the town centre.









- · Develop an improved network of greenways that links all through Twizel.
- · Create a ring of medium density residential around the town centre, with clusters of high density visitor accommodation.
- · Provide for heavy industrial activity across SH8, screen from the road using distance and plantings.
- · No satellite developments outside of the current residential area.

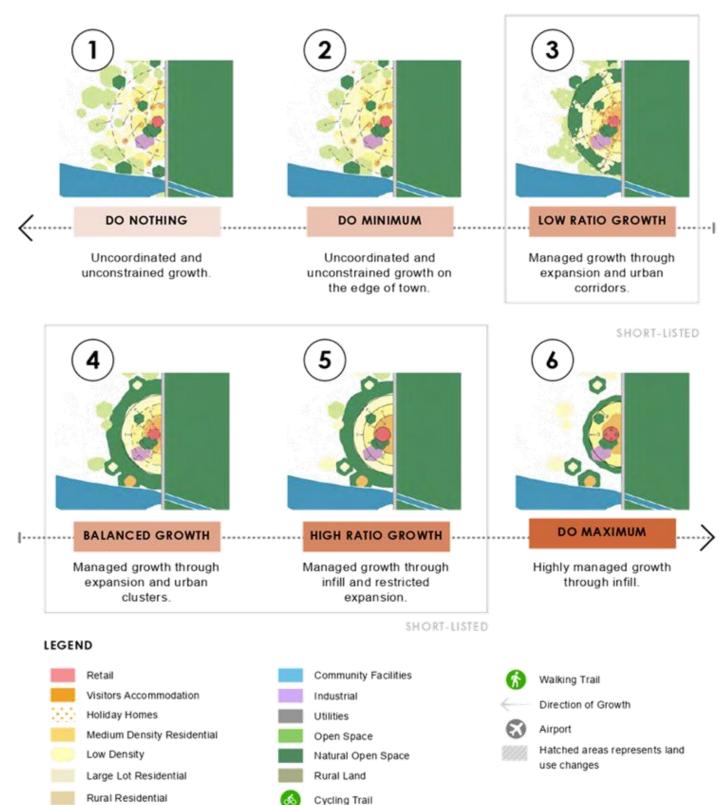


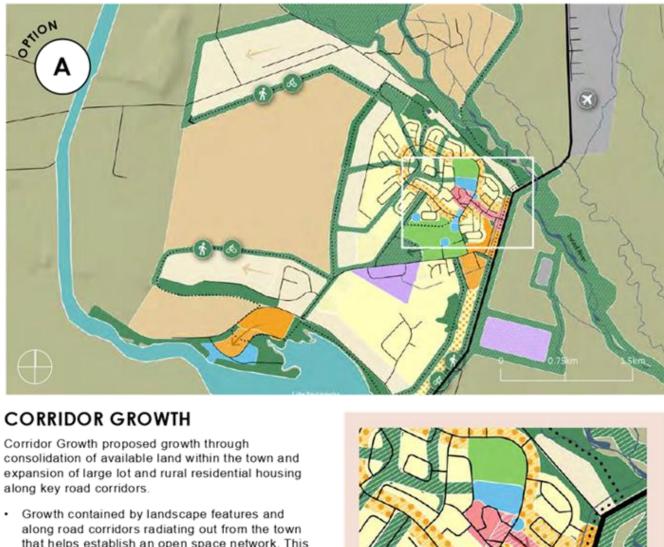
- · Provide for heavy industrial activity across SH8, screen from the road using distance and plantings.
- areas.
- housing.
- centre.



- · Scatter visitor accommodation throughout existing residential
- · Relocate the golf course and use the land for residential
- · Develop a local neighbourhood centre to compliment the town

# THE OPTIONS





# CORRIDOR GROWTH

consolidation of available land within the town and expansion of large lot and rural residential housing along key road corridors.

- along road corridors radiating out from the town that helps establish an open space network. This brings together existing open spaces, greenways and trails to link with the Twizel River and Lake Ruataniwha.
- Housing growth achieved through some medium density infill and a mix of low density, large lot and rural residential through expansion of the town edges and along urban corridors.
- Visitor accommodation continues to grow along SH8 and Max Smith Drive, near Lake Ruataniwha. Opportunities for holiday homes continue along the SH8 corridor and within blocks around Mackenzie Drive.
- · Industrial activities establish away from the town along a corridor adjacent to the substation off SH8.

### MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY



The town centre is retained in its current location and grows east along the Ruataniwha Road corridor to link with SH8

Expansion of highway based retail to capture more passing trade and funnel visitors into the existing town centre. Community facilities are extended out and along Mackenzie Drive.



# CLUSTERED GROWTH

Clustered Growth proposed growth in Twizel through intensive infill and consolidation of land within the town, with expansion through well-defined large lot residential clusters close to town.

- Growth is contained by landscape features and open spaces that define the town edges and urban clusters. This brings together existing open spaces, greenways and trails to link with the Twizel River and Lake Ruataniwha.
- Distinct clusters of visitor accommodation are located near the town centre, SH8, Man Made Hill and Lake Ruataniwha. Opportunities are provided for holiday homes within blocks surrounding the town centre.
- Potential opportunity for Twizel Area School to be rebuilt in a new education cluster off Mackenzie Drive within walking distance to the town centre.
- Housing growth is balanced between infill and expansion, with medium density infill near the town centre and low density infill within the North West Arch. This is framed by large lot residential and special use clusters on the western edges of town. Rural residential expands within the remaining zoned land.
- Industrial activities establish away from the town in a cluster adjacent to the oxidation ponds off SH8.



### TOWN CENTRE

The town centre is retained in its current location and grows outwards to complete the urban block.

A shared street and laneway network is established within an expanded town centre defined by Mackenzie Drive, Tasman Road and Mount Cook Street.

Smaller neighbourhood retail centres are clustered together with other uses at key visitor arrival points and other areas of intensification.



# CONTAINED GROWTH

Contained Growth proposed growth in Twizel through intensive infill and consolidation of available land within the town, with well-defined areas of expansion of large lot and rural residential zones on the edge of town.

- Growth is constrained by the landscape features and open spaces that define the town edges, including replacing The Ben Ohau Golf Course with a comprehensive dry land golf destination. This helps establish an open space network, which brings together existing open spaces, greenways and trails to link with the Twizel River and Lake Ruataniwha.
- Housing growth is balanced between infill and expansion, including medium density infill around the town centre and on the relocated golf course land.
- Visitor accommodation more intensively wraps around the town centre with other areas associated with open spaces (e.g. Man Made Hill, relocated golf course). Opportunities for holiday homes are within the infill blocks surrounding the town centre.
- Industrial activities are consolidated on the two existing zoned areas of land along Ostler Road within the town.



### TOWN CENTRE

The town centre is retained in its current location and grows outwards to complete the urban block and front onto some surrounding streets.

A shared street and laneway network is established within an expanded town centre block and infills properties on surrounding streets, including Mackenzie Drive, Tasman Road and possibly Mount Cook Street. Potential opportunity for Twizel Area School to be rebuilt one block out to accommodate town centre growth.

# COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

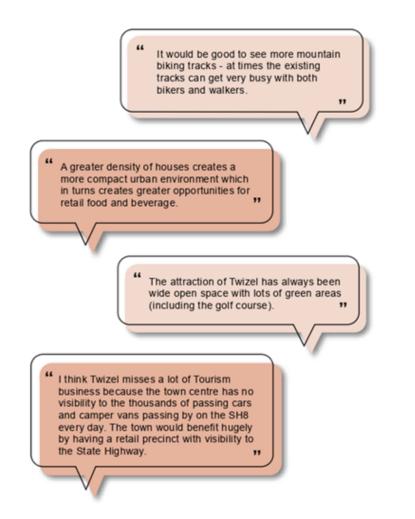
Corridor Growth and Clustered Growth were closely tied in Twizel, so a hybrid option was developed to combine the elements people liked about both.

The Twizel community made it very clear that the Golf Course is a key part of the town, so the preferred option has ensured that this remains a community asset. The land around Man Made Hill has also been included as green space to complement the Golf Course.

It was clear through the engagement process that people were not in favour of specific zones for residential short term visitor accommodation, such as Airbnb or holiday home rentals.

A number of respondents were concerned with the location of the school and felt it should be moved as part of its rebuild. The Ministry of Education has made it clear that it will remain on its current site.

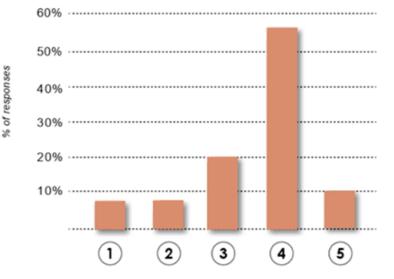
People in Twizel really value their open spaces and trail network, so the spatial plan has looked to improve and formalise this for any future development.



### PREFERRED OPTION ENGAGEMENT RESULTS

The community was asked to rate the preferred option out of five and provide comment on what they liked and what they wanted to see changed about the plan.

The Twizel community preferred option received an average rating of 3.58 out of five, which shows on the whole the community supports the preferred option.



Responses (one being poor and five being excellent)

#### The results can be viewed online at:

http://bit.lv/MDC Preferred Option Spatial Plan

### SPATIAL PLAN

### THE PREFERRED OPTION WILL SEE GROWTH IN TWIZEL BY PROVIDING THE OPPORTUNITY FOR RESIDENTIAL INFILL, THE CONSOLIDATION OF AVAILABLE LAND WITHIN THE TOWN , ALONG WITH WELL-DEFINED LARGE LOT RESIDENTIAL AREAS AND LOW DENSITY INFILL CLOSE TO TOWN.

- centre.
- the town centre.

- Road (SH8).
- land adjacent to Tekapo-Twizel Road (SH8).

Growth is contained by existing landscape features and open spaces that define the town edges and urban clusters with some additional growth along existing road corridors radiating out from the town. This brings together a network of open spaces, greenways and trails to link with golf course, the Twizel River and Lake Ruataniwha

Twizel's town centre is retained in its current location, while growing east along the Ruataniwha Road corridor to link with Tekapo-Twizel Road (SH8). There is an opportunity to expand highway orientated retail to capture more passing traffic and funnel visitors into the town

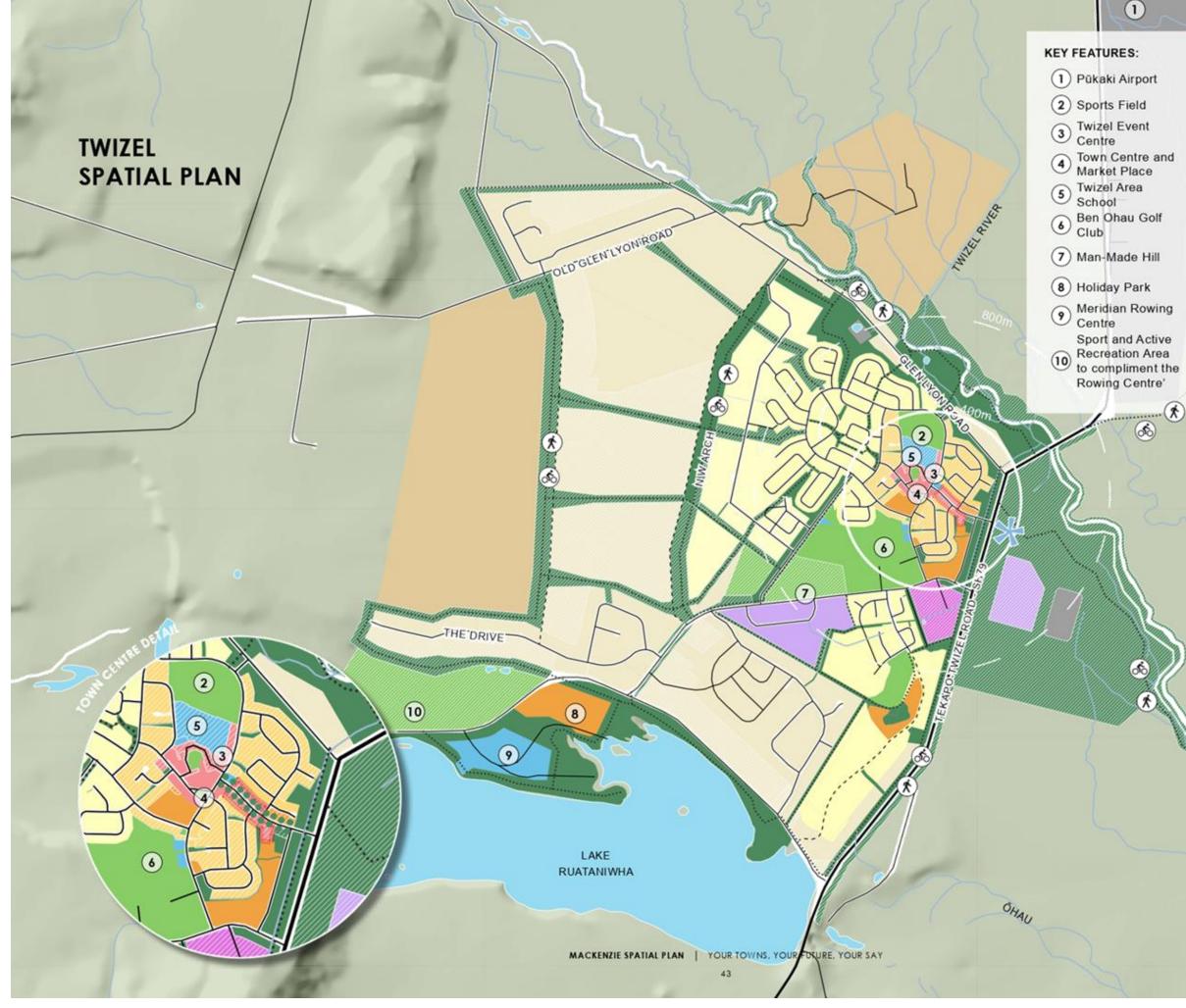
Twizel Area School remains in its current location (following confirmation from the Ministry of Education) alongside public recreation and community facilities. These are better integrated into

Commercial visitor accommodation is located near the town centre and close to the Tekapo-Twizel Road (SH8). Residential visitor accommodation is not addressed as part of this Spatial Plan.

Housing growth is balanced between infill and expansion, with medium density infill near the town centre and low density infill within the North West Arch. This is framed by large lot residential provided on the western edges of town and along urban corridors.

Industrial activities infill existing zoned land and grow away from the town in a cluster adjacent to the oxidation ponds off Tekapo-Twizel

An opportunity for a cluster of larger format retail on existing industrial





8

**(**\*)

LEGEN	ND .
	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
	LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
	LARGE LOT RESIDENTIAL
	RURAL RESIDENTIAL
	RETAIL
	LARGE FORMAT RETAIL
	VISITOR ACCOMMODATION
	COMMUNITY FACILITIES
	INDUSTRIAL
	UTILITIES
	OPEN SPACE
/ 🔵	NATURAL OPEN SPACE
	RURAL LAND
*	COMMUNITY ENTRANCE FEATURE
	DEFERRED RETAIL
	STREETSCAPE IMPROVEMENTS
-	WATERWAYS
—	STATE HIGHWAY
_	EXISTING ROADS
	PROPOSED ROADS
	TRAILS
8228	' HATCHED AREAS REPRESENT ZONE CHANGES



# RURAL SETTLEMENTS

Along with the spatial planning of the three main townships the Mackenzie Spatial Plans have looked at the future of Mackenzie's rural settlements:

- Burke's Pass | Te Kopi-O-Öpihi
- Kimbell
- Albury

Rural Settlement Plans for each settlement have been developed which map out what the future could look like in 30 years. These have been developed following community workshops that were held to identify the issues and opportunities facing each settlement.

Much like the Spatial Plans, the Rural Settlement Plans outline the future zoning for each settlement and are aimed at accommodating growth over the next 30 years, while guiding investment in infrastructure and amenity improvements.



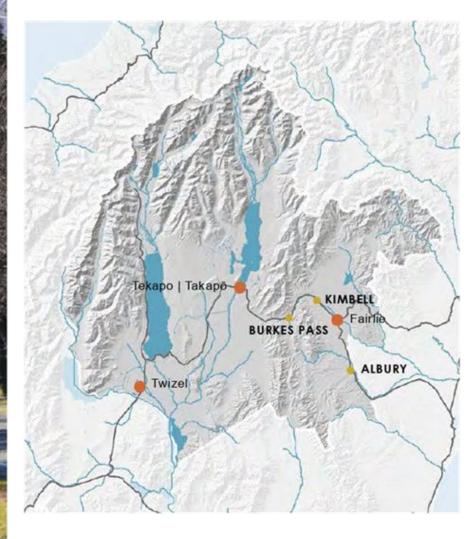
The speed limits on the state highway through each town are unsafe, residents want to see the speed lowered and traffic calming measures implemented such as threshold planting and better signage.



### COMMON OPPORTUNITIES:

Increased sustainable development and future revegetation of the river corridors.

Development of design guidelines to safeguard areas of special character, identity and smaller scale from future development.



MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY

All settlements had issues around the provision and supply of services such as water, wastewater, electricity and communication.

A general feeling that there has been a lack of Council maintenance and investment over time.

> Use existing landscape features to manage growth and support open space and trail networks.

Provide areas for appropriate residential expansion to support the community, without compromising the unique character of each settlement.

> Improved walking and cycling connections within the villages and better integration with open spaces.

### PROCESS



Following the short-list community engagement, the project team came back to each community to share findings and get further direction.

District?

What one thing would you like to see changed?

C Looking ahead, what one thing would you like the Mackenzie District to be known for in the future?



b

The results can be viewed online at: https://bit.ly/2upEAFJ



developed a Rural Settlement Plan for each township.





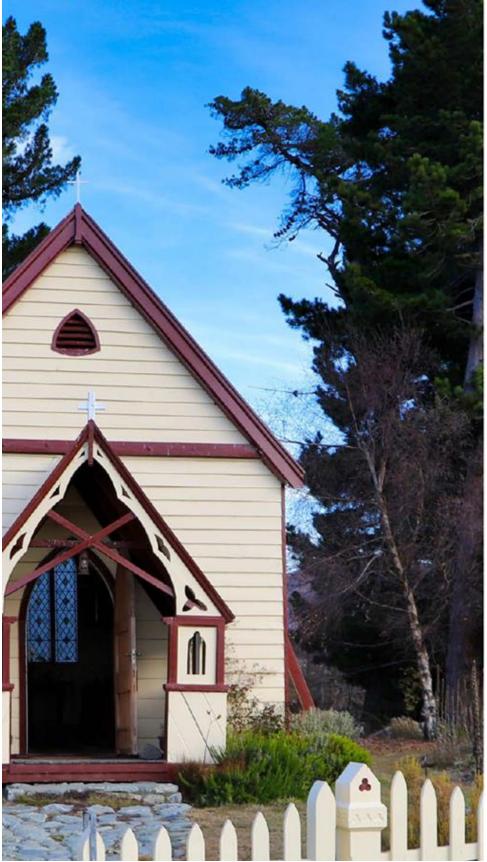




MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY



# BURKES PASS / TE KOPI-O-ŌPIHI



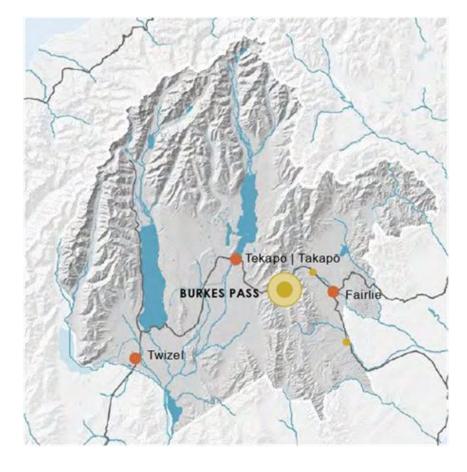
### INTRODUCTION

Burkes Pass / Te Kopi-O-Ōpihi is closely associated with the source of the Ōpihi River and its heritage as an outpost for the European settlers' bullock teams that led into the Mackenzie Basin.

It was one of the main gateways into Te Manahuna used by Ngai Tahu on food gathering journeys and is regarded as a culturally significant area due to its proximity to the source of the Ōpihi River and various mahika kai sites nearby.







MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN | YOUR TOWNS, YOUR FUTURE, YOUR SAY

BURKES PASS RETAIL

FORMAL BURKES PASS SCHOOL TEACHERS HOUSE



HERITAGE WALK



47

### BURKES PASS / TE KOPI-O-ÖPIHI SETTLEMENT PLAN

#### Item 5.5- Attachment 1

SETTLEMENT PLAN be constrained by landscape features.

Plan Review.

the settlement.

can be achieved.

residential will be included in the District Plan Review.

### OPPORTUNITIES:

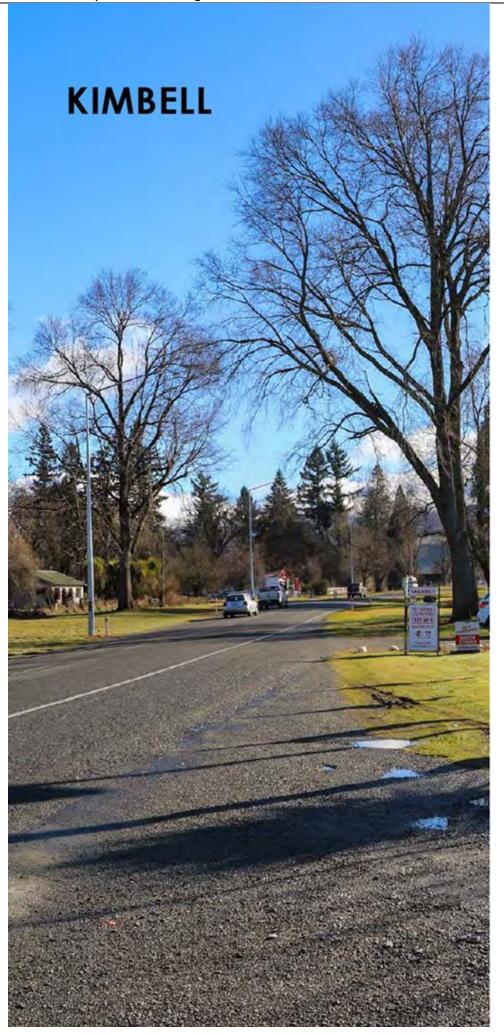
- · Enhance the township with a new reserve south of the highway and associated walkways and plantings, including beginning revegetation of the Opihi River.
- · Establish a Burkes Pass Rural Character Area to protect and promote the town's existing character. Design guidelines could be created to help inform future development.
- · Support the new 60km lower speed environment with roading infrastructure and planting intended to slow vehicles.
- Additional toilet facilities are expected to be provided by commercial providers as the town grows.
- Improve the health of the Opihi River with planting and other restoration where possible

### KEY FEATURES OF THE PLAN:

- Extension to the residential zone (limited by landscape features)
- (2) Development of a Burkes Pass Rural Character Area
- (3) Formalise and upgrade the existing heritage walk
- (4) Upgrade the entrances into town (signage and planting)
  - Formalised commercial area
- (6)

- Residential growth will be managed in Burkes Pass by enabling development within the existing residentially zoned land and extending the residential zone on the northern side of the town. This expansion will
- A new Burkes Pass Rural Character Area will protect the unique nature of the town and ensure future development doesn't affect the amenity or character of Burkes Pass. This will be supported by an appropriate investigation and analysis that will be carried out as part of the District
- The commercially zoned land will be expanded and formalized on both sides of the main road, enabling further commercial opportunities within
- Mana whenua have strong aspirations to see the health of the Opihi improved along with increased indigenous biodiversity. MDC share these aspirations and hope to work with landowners to ensure these outcomes
- Improvements will be made to tourist amenities and additional landscaping and planting will complement the work already undertaken to date. Provisions for public access for walking and cycling trails and natural open space through land that has been upzoned as large lot

- Begin restoration along the Opihi River



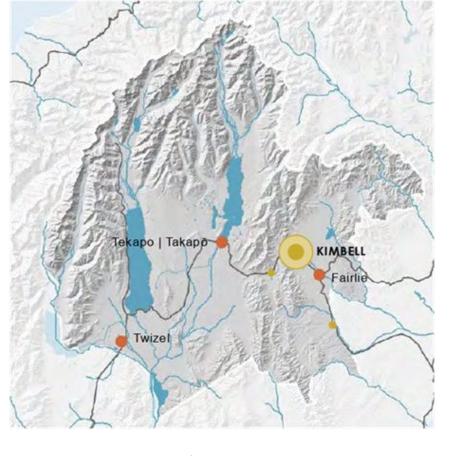
### INTRODUCTION

Kimbell is a small rural settlement that is closely related to both Fairlie and as a gateway to Mt Dobson.

Located on the Õpihi River, Kimball is located on the traditional mana whenua trails used seasonally to gather kai and materials, including weka, tuna, quail and taramea.







MACKENZIE SPATIAL PLAN

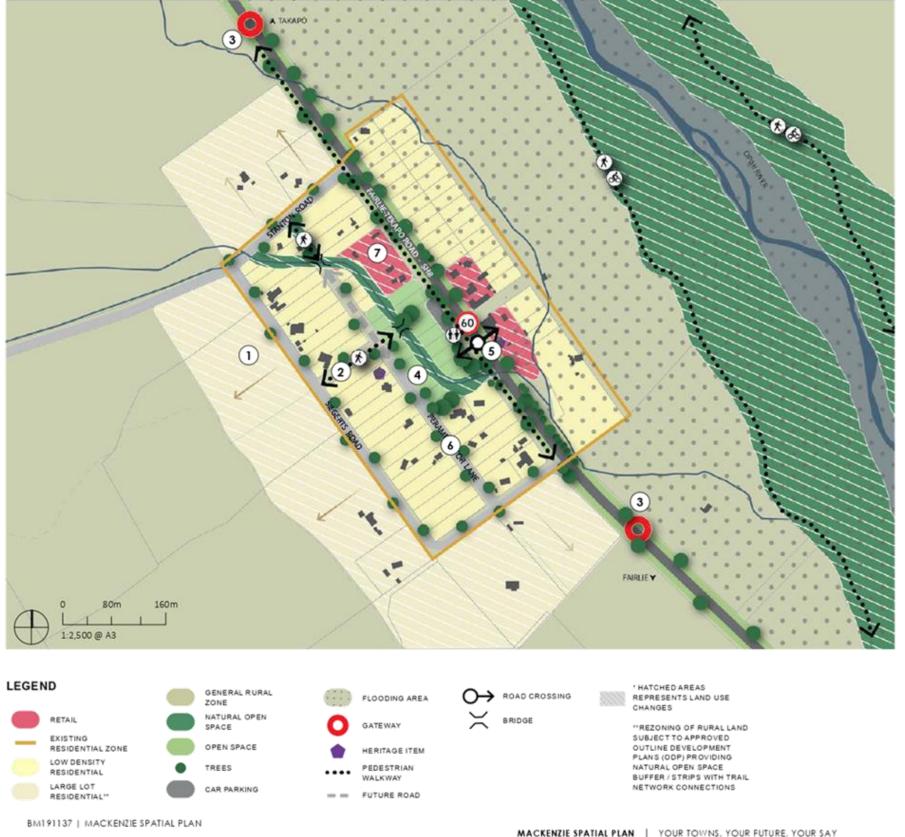
SILVERSTREAM HOTEL

STATE HIGHWAY 8



KIMBELL RESIDENTIAL CHARACTER

### KIMBELL SETTLEMENT PLAN



49

constrained by landscape features.

businesses in Kimbell.

can be achieved.

will be included in the District Plan Review.

#### OPPORTUNITIES:

- Support a 60km lower speed environment with road infrastructure, planting and a clear pedestrian / cyclist crossing point.
- Upgrade the community owned recreational open space at the heart of Kimbell.
- Allow for development of future commercial opportunities on both sides of the state highway.
- Fully seal Siegerts Road and complete the formation of Perambulator Lane through to Stanton Road to minimise highway access points and service residential sections.
- Enhance the township with new plantings including street trees and begin native revegetation of the Öpihi River and tributary streams.
- Manage flooding issues through regular maintenance.

### KEY FEATURES OF THE PLAN:

(1)2 3 (4) enhanced sports and playing facilities (5) 6  $\overline{7}$ 

- Residential growth will be managed in Kimbell by enabling development within the existing residentially zoned land on the western side of the state highway and extending the town with a rural lifestyle zone on its northern, western, and southern edges. This expansion will be
- An expanded commercial area, anchored by the Kimbell Hotel, will expand across both sides of the road, offering increased opportunities for
- Mana whenua have strong aspirations to see the health of the Opihi improved along with increased indigenous biodiversity. MDC share these aspirations and hope to work with landowners to ensure these outcomes
- The settlement's open spaces will be upgraded, with improvements suggested for walking and cycling paths, a shared community space and local street improvements. Provisions for public access for walking and cycling trails through land that has been upzoned as large lot residential

- Extension to residential area through the development of a rural residential (limited by landscape features)
- Improved walking and cycling connections throughout the town
- Improve the entrances into town (signage and planting)
- Improvements to the community space in the centre of town with
- Safe road crossing area, supported by a 60km speed limit
- Improved streetscape planting (trees and shrubs)
- Increased opportunities for commercial activities

# ALBURY



### INTRODUCTION

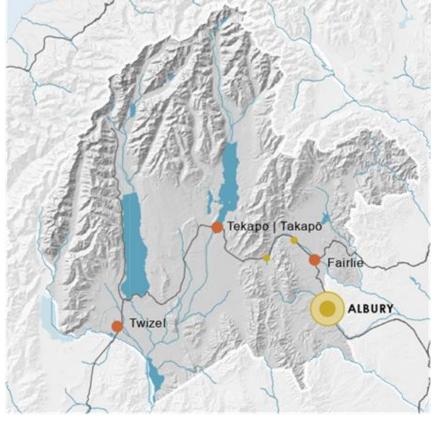
Located on the Te Ana a Wai river Albury is one of the traditional mana whenua gateways to the Mackenzie or Te Waharoa o te Manahuna, as well as the Hakataramea valley.

Albury is located on State Highway 8 between Fairlie and Timaru. The South Island farming area is surrounded by sweeping hills and an abundance of animals including sheep, cattle and deer.

The Albury Tavern is a historical landmark. Built in the 1870s as a railway hotel to service the Timaru to Albury rail line, it is the oldest licensed wooden pub in New Zealand. Albury is also home to Mackenzie's oldest homestead, Opawa.







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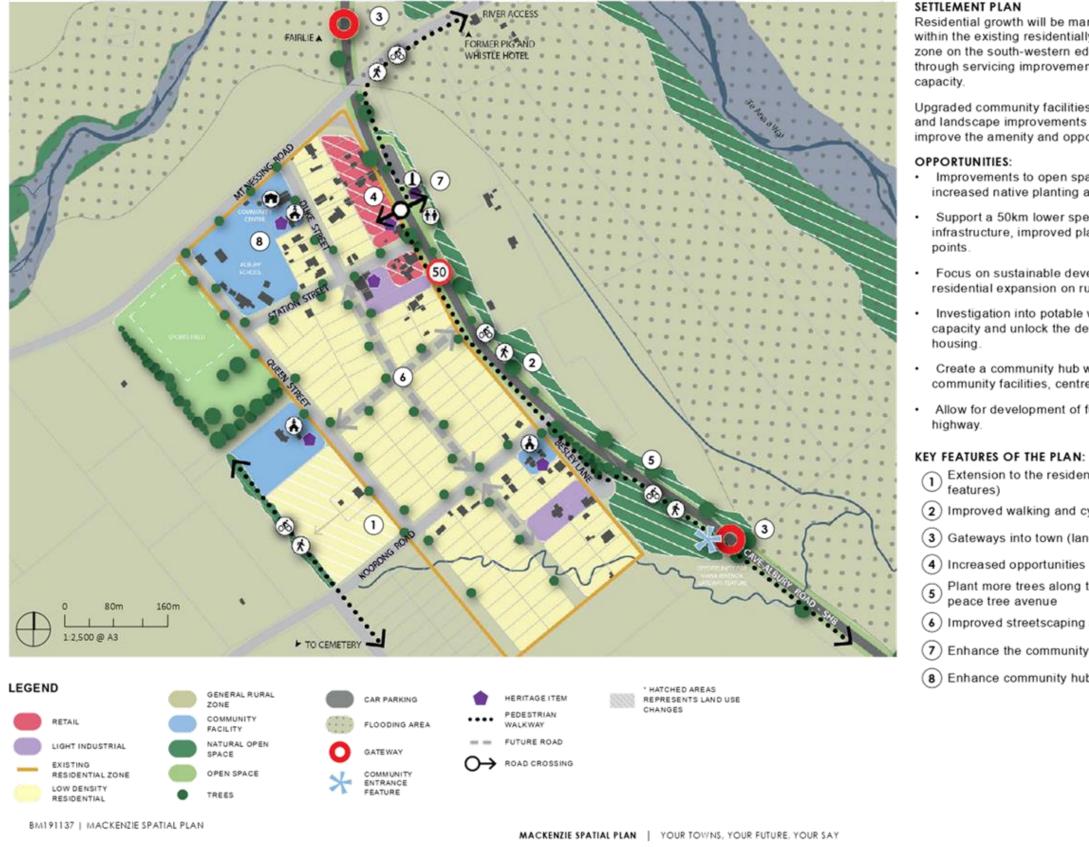
STATE HIGHWAY & LOOKING NORTH

STATE HIGHWAY & LOOKING SOUTH



ST MARTIN'S ALBURY

### ALBURY SETTLEMENT PLAN



- Residential growth will be managed in Albury by enabling development within the existing residentially zoned land and extending the residential zone on the south-western edge of the town. This expansion will be aided through servicing improvements, including an improved town water supply
- Upgraded community facilities, a small expansion of the commercial zone, and landscape improvements to the road corridor and domain will help improve the amenity and opportunities within the town.
  - Improvements to open spaces including walking and cycling paths, increased native planting and revegetation along the state highway.
  - Support a 50km lower speed environment with good road infrastructure, improved planting and pedestrian / cyclist crossing
  - Focus on sustainable development in the urban area to reduce residential expansion on rural land.
  - Investigation into potable water and wastewater schemes to improve capacity and unlock the development potential for more residential
  - Create a community hub with enhanced and well-maintained community facilities, centred on the community hall.
- Allow for development of future commercial opportunities along the
- Extension to the residential zone (limited by landscape
- (2) Improved walking and cycling connections
- (3) Gateways into town (landmark features, signage and planting)
- (4) Increased opportunities for commercial activities
- 5 Plant more trees along the state highway to complement the
- (6) Improved streetscaping and planting (trees and shrubs)
- (7) Enhance the community area around the war memorial
- (8) Enhance community hub around hall, school and church

# **NEXT STEPS**

The Spatial Plans will inform the District Plan review, which will begin in 2022

The zoning and land use outlined in each Spatial Plan and Settlement Plan will be reflected in the proposed District Plan, and this will then be taken back to the community for more input and feedback.

### THE DISTRICT PLAN REVIEW

The District Plan is the community's rulebook, setting out the framework that governs how land is used and developed within our district. It sets out zoning, guidance and rules, it also outlines when a Resource Consent is required.

The Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA) requires all councils to start a review of their District Plan 10 years after it was made operative. Our current District Plan was adopted in 2004, so it is well overdue for a review.

We are reviewing the Mackenzie District Plan over the next year and will be discussing key topics with the community as we work our way through this process.

### HOW WILL THE SPATIAL PLANS BE USED?

Each Spatial Plan will be used by MDC to guide the zoning in the District Plan Review.

The zoning you see in the plans in this document will inform the Proposed District Plan.

#### HOW CAN YOU HAVE A SAY?

There will still be plenty of chances to let us know what you think once we begin the District Plan Review itself, both during the development of the plan and through the statutory review process which will follow.

There is still a long road ahead before new zones are set in stone. The Spatial Plans allow us to get ahead of the process by using community engagement and analysis to outline how the towns should grow over the next thirty years.



### 5.6 TWIZEL COMMUNITY BOARD GENERAL UPDATE

Author:	Brian Milne, Community Facilities and Services Officer - Contractor		
Authoriser:	David Adamson, General Manager Operations - Acting		
Attachments:	1.	Park-Township furniture options 🗓 🖾	

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

The purpose of this report is to provide the Twizel Community Board with a general update on a number of projects and actions related to the Twizel area in general and Community Board specifically.

### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. That the report be received.
- 2. That a budget of \$10,000 from the Twizel Township Budget; "Implementation of Development Plan" be allocated for the preparation of a development, maintenance plan and budget for the development Man-Made Hill.

### ACTION AND PROJECTS UPDATE

#### Market Place Upgrade

The RFQ has now been advertised and it is planned to have a contract let prior to Christmas, with works beginning from February 2022, subject to contractor availability.

Temporary accommodation for the Council customer and postal services will need to be arranged as access to the front doors will not be possible for 2-3 weeks during construction.

#### Man-Made Hill

Planting of the trial area is now complete. (Subject to planting of some plants that we are still waiting on).

A plan for the future development and planting of the hill needs to be prepared.

It is proposed that planting be staged over 3-4 years, which will enable more focused maintenance management (weed control, watering, and replacement planting)

Other ideas include:

- Community involvement with the planting
- Construction of a purpose-built mountain bike track. The terrain is not ideal, but a lower track around the base is technically feasible and offers a good "hill" option for which options are otherwise limited in the township area. The cost of construction is estimated at a total of \$40,000 for a good quality track. (See below for informal advice on this option).
- Viewing platform with interpretive map of surrounding mountain peaks/ranges

To progress this, a concept development design for the hill needs to be prepared along with a community engagement process. This needs to be followed by a detailed MTB trail and planting plan incorporating maintenance and cost estimates.

A budget allocation of \$10,000 from the Twizel Township Budget; "Implementation of Development Plan" is proposed to progress this.

#### Informal advise from Rideline Consulting on MTB track:

The gradient on the south side of the hill is too steep to bench for the return, but a fun return loop could be developed around the base. This would key into the existing access track at the back (east end). It would need surfacing and the import of some topsoil to dress the downslope for planting etc.

We don't have an exact height on Man Made hill but at 20m the descending trail would be approx 300m. A provisional budget of 800m at \$40 per metre we would cover costs.

Total estimate \$40,000 including design/contingency.

### **Twizel Pool Heating**

An RFQ has now advertised, and we plan to have a contract awarded prior to Christmas. A contract has been let through Alpine Energy contractor for the upgrade up the power infrastructure.

While we are working as quickly as possible to have a new heating system operational this summer, due to the lead time for supply of the heat pump units, plus contractor availability, we do not expect this to be operational until March 2022 at the earliest.

### **Twizel Events Centre**

A project of works is underway at the Twizel Events Centre, with a focus on achieving compliance for the building. A Project Manager has been appointed to coordinate these works.

### Tourism Infrastructure Funds (TIF) Projects

An RFQ has been advertised and we plan to have a contract awarded prior to Christmas. Project completion is likely to be June 2022.

At Lake Ruataniwha lagoon area, to help ensure we maintain healthy water quality over the busy summer period, we will install temporary toilets in conjunction with ECAN, as was done over the 2020/21 season.

A contract has been let for the preparation of the Reserve Management Plan for Lake Ruataniwha. The preparation of the plan will involve extensive community consultation as required by the Reserves Act. This project will progress through 2022 with a target completion of June 2022.

### Parks and Community Facilities Strategy

Public consultation on the Draft Parks and Community Facilities Strategy is now underway, with feedback available via "Let's Talk", closing on the 17th of December.

### Ohau Road Reserve Development

A design plan for the development of the Ohau Road Reserve area is being developed and a draft will be presented to the Community Board early in 2022 for consideration, prior to community engagement process.

### **Tree Removal**

It is planned to remove the group of wilding pine trees alongside SH 8, off Benmore Pace. This work is being undertaken by ECAN contractors as part of the wilding tree removal program in conjunction with the removal of the wilding pines on adjoining privately owned land.

Once these trees are removed, it provides the opportunity to relocate the town loop trail onto Council land, as it currently runs through private land in this section, which involves the opening /closing of two gates which is not ideal for cyclists. Removal of the trees will also reduce the icing risk on the state highway.

The location of the Council trees is marked in green on the plan below.



We have received a request from the Twizel Holiday Park to remove the first row of conifers from along their northern boundary fence on the Glen Lyon Road reserve. This has been agreed in principal, as the trees are all wilding pine species, and their removal is in keeping with our general approach to agree, on request, to the removal of large trees that have been planted close to residential boundaries as they are considered inappropriate for an urban situation and cause significant nuisance to the neighbouring properties.

The Holiday Park is exploring options for the cost-effective removal of the trees with a view to a cost sharing arrangement.



### Park/Township Furniture

We would like to select a standard/consistent set of furniture to use for new and replacement furniture in the parks and town centres. Attachment 1 provides a list of possible options that have been selected from a range of outdoor furniture suppliers for your consideration and feedback.

While it would simplify management processes to have a standard set for the entire district, this is not essential and each town could have its own style, with the intention we would use this furniture in most situations.

As an example – the seat below is in the Market Place reserve and is from the Street Furniture range.



# **Seating and bench**









# 01

### Options:

Finishes Available Agora Wood – exotic wood slats 43 x 50mm Agora Iron - seat made from 2mm thick galvanised steel sheet with 4mm diameter holes powder coated Agora Mix - seat exotic wood slats with galvanised steel sheet backrest Available with the option of cast aluminium armrests

#### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/agora-seat/

# 02

Options:

Various timber options; e.g., Saligna, Vitex, Macrocarpa Powder coated frame

### URL

https://logicstreetscene.co.nz/park-benches/edinburgh-timber-bench-seat

### 03

**Options:** Arms Optional

### URL

http://www.streetfurniture.co.nz/furniture/seating/ seat-timber/westbrook-timber-seat/









### 04

#### Options:

Surface, below ground or extended leg mounting options. Anti-skateboard brackets. Asymmetrical or Symmetrical mounting option. Finished in any standard powder coat colour.

#### URL

https://www.tilleystreetandparkfurniture.co.nz/ products/omos-s96w-bench/



#### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/ponte-benches/

### 06

### Options:

Made up of HPC (High Performance Concrete), linear or 45° section, with a steel central support component. All the surfaces can be supplied with flat seats or with a backrest, single or double, either in wood or in steel.

The linear surfaces can be supplied, as an alternative, with a steel backrest. **URL** 

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/agata-bench/

## 07

### Options:

Comprise a basic 2100 x 750 mm High Performance Concrete (HPC) module or exotic/larch wood module with powder coated steel supports. The set also comprises powder coated steel flower boxes of different heights and wooden chaiselongues with steel supports. Powder coated steel seatbacks and armrests available. Arranged for LED lighting (upon request with extra charge)

#### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/isolaurbana-seating-and-planters/

# **Picnic Settings**









### 01

Standard Length: : 1800mm and 2400mm and 3000mm

#### URL

http://www.streetfurniture.co.nz/furniture/seating/ pionic-sets/tatahi-pionic-set/

# 02

### Options:

Surface, below ground or extended leg mounting options. Anti-skateboard brackets. Finished in any standard powder coat colour.

### URL

https://www.tilleystreetandparkfurniture.co.nz/ products/omos-s96w-picnic-set/

### 03

Ideal as a Wheelchair Friendly Picnic Set Designed for wheelchair accessibility and durability.

### URL

http://www.streetfurniture.co.nz/furniture/seating/ picnic-sets/sandringham-central-leg-picnic-set/

### 04

### Options:

With armrests Various timber options; e.g., Saligna, Vitex, Macrocarpa Stainless steel frames Powder coated frames

#### URL

https://logicstreetscene.co.nz/picnic-tables/rondo-picnic-set



### 05

Ultra low maintenance Surface mount Standard size table 2m length Galvanised Steel Legs

#### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/liffiton-table-setting/

### **Cycle Racks**







## 01

#### Options:

Available in wet paint, powder coat or weathered steel look.

Cast product, longer lead times may apply

Available as pre aged and clear coated when requested (Weathered Steel Look) Plant Mounted/Surface Mounted/Removable options

### URL

http://www.streetfurniture.co.nz/furniture/cycle-racks-1/ore-bollard/



### Options:

Surface or below ground mounting options. Finished in any standard powder coat colour.

### URL

https://www.tilleystreetandparkfurniture.co.nz/ products/haehae-bike-stand/

### 03

#### Options:

The compact Citistyle Bike Stand delivers simplicity and practicality in the form of a stand to attach bikes to. Available with or without logo.

### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/citistylecompact-bike-rack-with-logo/







### 04

URL https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/spyrabike-rack/

# 05

Finishes Available Granite in selected colours Marble in selected colours Galvanised and powder coated in selected RAL colours Stainless steel - brushed and passivated Stainless steel - electro-polished

### URL

https://www.urbaneffects.co.nz/products/smeraldo-bike-rack/

### 06

### URL

http://www.streetfurniture.co.nz/furniture/cycle-racks-1/jenny-cycle-rack/

### 5.7 GENERAL BUSINESS AND COUNCILLOR UPDATE

Author: Arlene Goss, Governance Advisor

Authoriser:

Attachments: 1. Long Term Plan Submission from Twizel Community Board 🗓 🛣

#### **STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS**

That the information be noted.

#### **GENERAL BUSINESS**

- 1. The chairperson has asked for discussion on the following matters:
  - How Council is communicating with the Twizel community.
  - Events Centre work (bookings, communication with pre bookings)
- 2. Council's representative on the community board, Cr Emily Bradbury, is invited to update the community board on Council activities.
- 3. A copy of the Twizel Community Board submission to the Long Term Plan is attached for information.

From: Jacqui De Buyzer Sent: Tuesday, 9 November 2021 6:33 pm To: Arlene Goss Subject: Submission

Twizel Community Board LTP Submission

Two years ago this community board came together after our local elections as we were voted in by our community to represent them and ensure their community needs were met. We all live here in Twizel because we love our surroundings and the diversity that it brings, from the people, the culture, the climate, the tourism and also the mix of urban and rural mix our community is made up of.

Our submission here is to ensure our Council understands what our community needs are, and what the prioritisation on those needs are.

We ask the Council to consider the below list of desires and encourage planners to reach out to us further if more information is needed.

Key Projects & Ideas from TCB.

- 1. Twizel Community Library/Hub
  - a. With the new School in the pipeline there are concerns in our community that we will lose our community Library as it sits inside an MOE building planned for removal after the new school build is completed.
  - b. Our Heartlands Community Care Centre & Twizel Radio is in the same position as above, although they are in a different location to the Library and are not Council operators, they are an integral part of our community in a social sense that we believe our Council needs to acknowledge
  - c. Taking the above into consideration the TCB would like to ensure a plan for a "Twizel Community Hub" is considered and an affordable temporary option to house these 3 operations and support them.
  - d. We suggest a buy back lease arrangement with MOE for the current Library site and current school front office space with a long term intention to build a purpose built new Community Hub in "10 Years" (or when it is financially viable) but it must be set clear so it doesn't keep being pushed out.

2. Twizel Sports Pavillion

. Consultation was completed and it was clear there is a need for a sporting hub in Twizel, sports across the board are growing exponentially, not only with kids but across all ages. From Yoga, to Soccer, to Rugby and athletics. The current building is not fit for purpose in the slightest and a new building would be the safest option.

a. Sport Twizel has completed plans and draft concepts on a new build so we would like to encourage council to grab this opportunity to provide the land via a peppercorn lease so Sport Twizel can start the fundraising and grant application process to get a new build on the current site arranged.

b. The building and operations would not sit under Council so MDC can focus on current assets as priority.

3. Twizel Playgrounds, Toilets and Trails (Response to new strategy)

. Our new shared footpaths are great and we are pleased with the high use, the quality of the work and the entire safety value of them. There is still a desire to ensure more can be rolled out when the funding becomes available.

i.Tussock Bend

ii.The Drive

iii.NW Arch

iv.Glen Lyon Road.

a. Twizel Playground is tired and if the opportunity arises to run and upgrade, new surfacing and new swings (net swing for diverse use was asked for and we are keen to ensure that is rolled through)

b. Kids Road Way - current council basketball courts are used by the school but the new school build will include new courts. The TCB would like to ensure that this large piece of asphalt is reserved for a kids road way zone. With the material already there, it would be most cost effective to utilise this space. It is close to the skate park and playground so it is a great location.

- 4. Green Waste Please just crack on and start the green bins and add cost to rates!
- 5. Twizel Events Centre we understand the Council has assured us this important asset will be protected and managed in such a way that it remains open. We just want to add that it is Critical to us that we ensure at any cost the building is protected and repaired in such a way that operations can still go ahead and it is completed.

. There was work planned in the kitchen and if changes are to be made to that area we would like to see the works undertaken at the same time to upgrade the kitchen in conjunction with the repair works.

6. Affordable Housing - move Whitestone yard out of town residential and use this piece of land for affordable housing to ensure we can get more people to move to Twizel to work in our businesses and be a part of our communities.

TWIZEL Community Board Jacqui de Buyzer Tracey Gunn Renee Rowland Amanda Sargeant Emily Bradbury

### 5.8 COMMUNITY BOARD ACTION LIST

Author: Arlene Goss, Governance Advisor

Authoriser:

Attachments: 1. Action List for Twizel 🗓 🛣

### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

That the information be noted.

### BACKGROUND

Attached is the latest version of the community board action list. These actions are updated by staff regularly.

Outstanding

Division: Committee: Officer:

Action Sheets Report

Twizel Community Board Meeting

Date From: Date To:

Printed: Monday, 29 November 2021 11:07:48 AM

Twizel: Sealing of Long Parking Bay Carpark				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Adamson, David	20/04/2020	3 Nov 2021 - 2:43 PM - Arlene Goss COUNCIL RESOLUTION 2021/48 Moved: Cr Emily Bradbury Seconded: Cr Stuart Barwood 2. That Council support Option 2, the completion of Works related to Aorangi Crescent and the Sealing of the Long Vehicle Carpark in Twizel only, and further that, 3. The local share of funds for the Long Vehicle Carpark be drawn from the Twizel Community Development Fund to the level required, including the allocated share of the 10% contingency and Project Management costs. CARRIED	3 Nov 2021 - 2:41 PM - Arlene Goss Action reassigned to Adamson, David by: reason: Staff resignation	Goss, Arlene for the

Twizel Youth Centre Condition Assessment				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Milne, Brian	8/02/2021	<u>TWCB/2021/232, TWCB/2021/233</u>	Discussion took place on what was needed include a seeding fund and deciding how t	
Twizel Community		COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/233 Moved: Member Amanda Sargeant	be managed, as there were several models followed including establishing a trust.	s that could be

InfoCouncil

Page 1 of 7

Outstanding Action Sheets Report	Division: Committee: Officer:	Date From: Date To: Printed: Monday, 29 November 2021 11:07:48 AM
Board 25/01/2021	Seconded: Member Tracey Gunn 2. That the Twizel Community Board supports a community engagement process to determine the future of the Twizel Youth Centre. CARRIED	The acting chief executive raised the issue of the loss of the Heartlands building with the new school build and whether Heartlands could be included in any new build. Mr Newlands agreed it was worth considering this. The community board agreed that Sport Twizel would continue to lead this project and that further meetings should be held between Sport Twizel and key people at Council to progress it further. The Mayor wanted to see a good plan in place. 2 Nov 2021 - 4:03 PM - Arlene Goss – the community board will make a submission to the Long Term Plan on this.

Twizel Large Machinery Display Update				ackenzie
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	DISTRICT COUNCIL
Milne, Brian Twizel Community Board 25/01/2021	8/02/2021	TWCB/2021/234 COMMITTEE RESOLUTION TWCB/2021/234 Moved: Chairperson Jacqui de Buyzer Seconded: Member Renee Rowland That the Twizel Community Board supports "Option 3.3- Display Only" in the Xyst report, with a small, purpose-built fence and signage. CARRIED	23 Apr 2021 - 11:58 AM - Arlene Goss - Tim Harty said he would come back with it to the community board and the Twizel 4 May 2021 - 2:16 PM - Arlene Goss Mr Milne said he needed to follow up with regarding the location of the fence. 14 Jun 2021 - 11:13 AM - Arlene Goss Action reassigned to Milne, Brian by: Goss reason: Requested 2 Nov 2021 - 4:06 PM - Arlene Goss Sign to be erected.	Heritage Group n Rick Ramsay

InfoCouncil

Page 2 of 7

Outstanding

Division: Committee: Officer:

Action Sheets Report

Date From: Date To:

Printed: Monday, 29 November 2021 11:07:48 AM

Twizel Manmade Hill				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Taylor, Angie	28/07/2021		14 Jul 2021 - 1:44 PM - Arlene Goss Pat Shuker asked about the money from the chipper. This amount is included in the co- financial report. Discussion took place on was earmarked for. The board agreed that be spent on planting Manmade Hill. 1 Sep 2021 - 10:44 AM - Arlene Goss Brian Milne was simplifying the design br affordable. He recognised he was running spring was getting closer. 18 Oct 2021 - 10:03 AM - Angie Taylor Planting project is currently out for quota to be completed in November	ommunity board what this money at the money would ief to make it g out of time as

Twizel Events Centre			-	
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Taylor, Angie	28/07/2021		14 Jul 2021 - 1:50 PM - Arlene Goss The community board requested improve Centre cleaning. Angie Taylor said she wa maintenance schedules with the caretake The chairperson asked if the pine board p	s working on r/cleaner.

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Outstanding Action Sheets Report	Division: Committee: Officer:	Date From: Date To: Printed: Monday, 29 November 2021 11:07:48 AM
		the community lounge would be sealed or finished. Angie Taylor offered to look into it. <i>18 Oct 2021 - 10:04 AM - Angie Taylor</i> Staff are currently revising the cleaning schedule to ensure this is suitable for the current hall useage and working through the procurement process for the cleaning contract

Twizel: Ohau Road Reserve				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Milne, Brian	15/09/2021		1 Sep 2021 - 10:40 AM - Arlene Goss Ohau Road Reserve: Mr Milne discussed to Ohau Road Reserve. He wanted to draw u that included tree planting and the poten playground.	p a plan for the area

Twizel: Petition asking for speed reduction on Ben Ohau Road				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Goss, Arlene	15/09/2021		1 Sep 2021 - 10:45 AM - Arlene Goss Late email and petition asking for a speed Ohau Road – The chairperson said the bo- time to consider this, as it had only arrive They would like to research it as they nor issues on the agenda. Renee Rowland ask from council staff on whether the commu	ard needed more d a few hours ago. mally do for other ed from guidance

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Outstanding Action Sheets Report	Co	vision: mmittee: ficer:	Date From: Date To: Printed: Monday, 29 November 2021 11:07:48 AM
			say over road speed limits. Mr Harty said the review of speed limits is guided by legislation. This is fairly prescriptive. He offered to look into this and get back to the community board with guidance. The chairperson asked if everyone was happy to leave it to the next meeting, and they agreed. 2 Nov 2021 - 4:04 PM - Arlene Goss Petition on speed limits – David Adamson noted that changes in the process for speed limit reviews were coming and this may make the process easier. Staff would provide an update. The community board asked for a letter to be sent in reply to Tina Smith.

Twizel and Fairlie Pool Heating Funding				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Milne, Brian <mark>Council</mark> 14/09/2021	28/09/2021	2021/125, 2021/126 RESOLUTION 2021/126 Moved: Cr Matt Murphy Seconded: Cr Emily Bradbury	Council resolution Included to update the community board	
		2. That Council approve the installation of pool heat pump heating systems in both the Fairlie and Twizel pools, and further that;		
		3. Council approves a total project sum of \$295,000 for the installation of the heat pumps, consisting of \$280,000 capital costs and a \$15,000 contingency sum, and further		

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		<ul> <li>that</li> <li>4. Council approve an increase in Pool Operating costs of \$18,000 per annum to account for the running costs of the heat pumps, and further that</li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>The capital costs for the project be funded by borrowing and the ongoing operational costs be funded via rates.</li> <li>CARRIED</li> </ol>	

Twizel Events Centre - Building Condition				
Officer and Meeting Date	Target Date	Resolution	Status	Mackenzie
Taylor, Angie <mark>Council</mark> 19/10/2021	2/11/2021	<ul> <li>2021/145, 2021/146</li> <li>RESOLUTION 2021/146</li> <li>Moved: Cr Anne Munro Seconded: Cr Matt Murphy</li> <li>2. That Council supports the engagement of a suitably qualified Project Manager to oversee the scoping and delivery of the works required at the Twizel Events Centre, and further that</li> <li>3. The Project Manager be funded from the Twizel Events</li> </ul>		

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	<ul> <li>Plan, and further that</li> <li>4. Beca Limited be engaged to provide technical support to the Project Manager in the delivery of the works required to secure a Code Compliance Certificate for the Twizel Event Centre, and further that</li> <li>5. The Project Manager provide Council with monthly reports on the progress of the works.</li> </ul>	

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